THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 35. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 17, 1900. NO. 12.

STORE NEWS.

LADIES' WAISTS.

Have you seen this stock of waists? Then you have bought. You could not resist the great array of charming styles unless your wants were filled for all time to come. To those of you who have not yet invested in waists we say—see this stock, you will buy or we will miss our guess.

THE NEW GLOVES.

The same old kinds of gloves, the same as to quality and fit, the same worthy sorts that you have come to expect at this store. But the colors are new—correctly new, and there is a fad or fancy about the embroidery or finish here and there. They are new gloves.

DRESS GOODS.

No let up to the dress goods selling. Those who have bought tell their friends where they have bought, that is good advertising and it accounts in a measure for the busy look of things in the gown section.

CORSETS.

We are better prepared than ever before to suit your corset whims. Every good kind of corset is here. We might sell a few more corsets if we handled the trashy sorts.—but we will not. We cling to the satisfaction-giving corsets. We sell no trashy sorts.

CARPETS.

You will travel a long way and inspect many stocks before you see anything to compare with this carpet gathering of ours. Good carpets always at this store and goodness runs side by side with stylishness and attractiveness. Carpets at very low prices here just now.

WHITE GOODS.

A bright array of newness. A chance to observe the latest conjurings of the white-goods men is afforded in this stock of ours. A gathering of novelty—that describes this stock.

M. C. TULIS.

SPRING TIME AT THE

H. C. OLMSTED STORE.

Now is the time you want floor coverings.

Carpets, Matting, etc.

We've got "em." Elegant line of Tapestry, all wool Ingrains, some that are not all wool, Rag, Jute, etc. No sample business. We measure and match the carpets in your presence.

Largest line of Mattings. All prices, from the cheapest to the best cotton chain matting.

Window Shades.

The largest, best and cheapest line of Lace Curtains ever shown in Emporium.

All cotton goods are advancing in price.

Muslins.

We have an nice assortment of Muslins, Prints, Ginghams, Percales, Satines, etc., which you will save money by buying now.

Dress Goods.

Our line of dress goods is fine. Crepones, Venetions, all colors in patterns; no two alike.

Beautiful "Foulard" Silks, hemstiched, all colorings. The proper thing for Shirt Waists.

Choice assortment of dress Skirts from 50c, to $5.00.

Gents' Furnishings.

Pants, Shirts, Overalls, Blouses, Hosiery, Neckwear, etc.

Staple Groceries.

Teas, Coffee, Tobacco, Granulated Sugar, 6c at present. Also everything in the grocery line.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Assignee.

GROCERIES.

J. A. KINSLER,

Carries nothing but the best that can be obtained in the line of

Groceries and Provisions,

Flour, Salt and Smoked Meats, Canned Goods, etc.

Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.

Goods Delivered Free any place in Town.

Call and see me and get prices.

J. A. KINSLER,

Near P. & E. Depot.

OLD RELIABLE DRUG STORE'S

Prescription Department is up to date in every particular. Hundreds will attest to the very low prices. 30 years experience.

Wall Paper.

2000 rolls at 3c per roll. A great variety of high grade paper at greatly reduced prices.

Paints! Paints! Paints!

Paints, oils and varnishes, a full line. Enamel paints, varnishes and stains, in all colors.

Fishing Tackle.

Save money! Call for your Prescriptions, Wall Paper, Paints, Oils Fishing Tackle.

L. TAGGART, Prop.

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of CHARLES H. STEWART, deceased.

LETTERS of administration on the Estate of Charles H. Stewart, late of Lumber township, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to B. E. Smith, Mrs. Cora Stewart and W. A. McClellan, residing in said township, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

B. E. SMITH,
MRS. CORA STEWART,
W. A. McCLELLAN
Administrators.

GREEN & SHAFFER,
Solicitors for Administrators.
Sterling Run, Pa., May 7th, 1900.—n11-6t.

Death's Doings.

HOUSLER.

MRS. CATHARINE HOUSLER, aged 66 years, eight months and 22 days, died suddenly of heart failure, at the family residence in Rich Valley, Thursmorning, May 10th. The funeral took place on Saturday afternoon from the family home and was very largely attended. Deceased, who was the wife of our respected friend Francis Housler, leaves five children to mourn with the bereaved husband, her untimely death. Her death is sadly regretted by the entire community. Joseph Housler of Lock Haven, and Aden Housler, of Shippen, are brothers of deceased.

TAYLOR.

ERRIC, the bright little son of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Taylor died last Friday afternoon, at the family residence on West Fifth street, aged about 4 years. His death was a great shock to the fond parents. The funeral took place last Sunday at 2 p. m., from Rich Valley church, Rev. Readett officiating. Interment in Rich Valley cemetery. The death of this exceptionally bright child is regretted by all who knew him.

Railroad Rumors.

It will not be surprising if fast vestibuled trains are running through Lock Haven in the near future. This will be a possibility when the Pennsylvania Company obtains control of the Western New York & Pennsylvania road giving the Penn'a a through route to Buffalo, which cannot be, however, until after May 26, as the stockholders and bondholders of the W. N. Y. & P. have until that date to accept the recent offer of the Pennsylvania railroad for the purchase of their lines. There is no doubt that the offer will be accepted.

Superintendent Westfall has informed the Williamsport Sun that he thinks more through trains will be put on, but knows nothing about vestibuled trains. He stated that anything might happen after the 26th of May. It is also rumored that the general offices at Williamsport will be removed to Buffalo.—Lock Haven Republican.

Both Legs Taken Off.

Renovo News, Tuesday.

Patrick Stanton, a brakeman on the Phila. & Erie, met with a terrible accident near Karthaus on the Susquehanna & Clearfield railroad this morning. Stanton was attempting to board his train near the middle when he slipped and both legs were taken off before the train was stopped. One of the members was severed below and the other above the knee, the accident being considered fatal.

The unfortunate young man was placed on a special car to be taken to Renovo and died on the way.

Stanton was about 28 years of age and had been on the road but a few months.

Now for Gas or Oil.

The drillers have arrived and yesterday commenced work on No. 1 well for the "M. M. & M. Co., about two miles west of Emporium. This company have leased a large body of land and intend to make a thorough test.

Children's Aid Society Officers.

The following officers have been elected for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. John J. Hinkle; Secretary, Mrs. John D. Logan; Treasurer, Mrs. I. K. Hockley; Director, Mrs. M. B. Judd; Delegate, Mrs. E. C. Davison.

A Clash.

Last Sunday evening the furnace yard engine attempted to pass a W. N. Y. & P. train of cars while the latter was standing in the yard. As a result the furnace engine and one car was badly demoralized. The W. N. Y. & P. Company kindly loaned them an engine until they could repair the injured "Dinkey."

A stabbing fray took place at Renovo on Tuesday.

High School Alumni Banquet.

One of the most enjoyable occasions of the Commencement season this year was the third annual banquet of the Alumni in the City Hall, last Thursday evening. The dining hall was tastefully arranged. Potted plants and the Alumni colors constituted the chief decorations. Much comfort was added to the guests in the reception room by the easy chairs and couches of every description kindly furnished by Director Egan.

At nine o'clock the members with their guests began to arrive, and were ushered into the parlors by the reception committee. When the time for feasting had come all, to the number of sixty, marched into the dining room led by the President and the Secretary of the Alumni, and marching to the sweet strains of the High School Orchestra. There for two hours was enjoyed a programme of feast and fun to the delight of every one. Suffice it to say that the feast was one of the best ever given and all were loud in their praises to Mrs. Josiah Howard under whose supervision the Banquet was given. After the menu was served, "Auld Lang Syne" was sung by their entire number—the singing was a "howling" success—then followed the reception of the Class of 1900 as members of the Alumni and response by the President of the Class, after which the following Programme was delightfully rendered:

PROGRAMME.

PROF. H. F. STAUFFER, Toastmaster.

Reception of Class of 1900.

Response by Chas. Hockley, President of Class of 1900.

"Our Mission,".....Miss Elvia Whiting, '96
"The Absent Ones,".....Ralph Davison, '98
"The Man I Love,".....Miss Byrde Taggart, '95
"The Sceptre,".....Miss Blanche Ludlam, '92
"Our Guests,".....Miss Nellie Cleary, '98
"My Experience as Secretary of the Alumni,"
Geo. Walker, Jr., '93
"Our Kindergarten,".....Miss Nina Bryan, '97
"Our High School," Miss Helen Van Valkenburg
Assistant Principal High School.
"The Directors and the Public Schools,"
Director Bernard Egan
"A Nine Years' Retrospect,"
John D. Logan, Sec'y School Board

Musical Programme in City Hall Parlors.

Instrumental Solo—"An den Fruhling,"
Miss Byrde Taggart, '95
Vocal Solo—"Drink to Me Only With Thine Eyes,"
Geo. A. Walker, Jr., '93
Piano Duet—Misses Grace Leet, Abby Metzger, '00
Recitation—"The Passions,"
Miss Lillian Heilman, '96
Vocal Solo—"A Sentinel Am I,"
Herbert Olmsted, '93
Violin Solo—"Notturno,"...Chester Hockley, '00
Vocal Solo—"My Rosary,".... Nellie Hogan, '96
High School Orchestra.

Howard-Cush.

Mr. Chas. J. Howard and Miss Mabel Cush, of this place, were quietly married at Olean, N. Y., last Tuesday, Rev. Dr. Ashton, Rector of St. Stephen's, officiating. The young couple were accompanied to Olean by Miss Byrde Taggart, Mr. J. W. Kaye, Mrs. Ed. Cush and Mrs. D. L. Robbins. After the ceremony the happy young couple started on a brief visit to Rochester and other Northern New York points, after which they will return to Emporium. The bride for several years has been one of Emporium's popular school teachers and a general favorite. The groom is the eldest son of Mrs. Elizabeth Howard and, having a bright future before him, no doubt will make an energetic business man. The PRESS extends its best wishes to the happy couple.

Caught His Man.

Some time ago Michael Warner left Driftwood and forgot to pay Fred McVicker a $26.00 board bill. A warrant was sworn out by Mr. McVicker and placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff Harry Hemphill, who located the chap at Austin, keeping a "pig's ear." Last Monday Mr. Hemphill went to Austin and arrested his man, who gave bail for his appearance at court at Emporium next July. Sheriff Hemphill always catches his game when he goes after it.

Birthday Party.

Last Saturday afternoon was an important event in the life of William Morrison Swain, the occasion being his 6th anniversary. About thirty little ladies and gents assembled at his home and made merry the afternoon. The little gent was the recipient of many nice presents from his playmates.

BRIEF MENTION.

Emery is a protectionist, a gold bug, an advocate of the "crime of '73," everything that ordinarily throws Democracy into a rage.

A large majority of the regulars in the Philippines re-enlist as their terms expire. They are evidently satisfied to grow up with that new section of the boundless West.

The Senate has unanimously passed Senator Penrose's bill granting a pension of fifty dollars a month to Mrs. Harriet V. Gridley, of Erie, widow of Capt. Charles V. Gridley.

The parafine paper used in the make-up of the new postage stamp books, is said to be a failure, in that it does not serve the purpose for which it was intended, the prevention of adhesion.

No girl can afford, either for her own surest happiness or for the comfort of mind of him whom she marries, to wed a young man during the formative period of his life, which is between twenty and twenty-five.

The State Convention of the Knights of Golden Eagle held at Allentown May 8th was largely attended and is reported to be the greatest success in its history. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fetter, of this place, represented Emporium Lodge.

George D. Kantz, of Patchinville, and J. S. Richards, of Bower, have been scouring portions of Indiana county in search of men for the lumber woods, but have met with little success, every man having employment at his own door during these McKinley times.—Clearfield Journal.

Hons. David Cameron, Jerome B. Niles, Walter T. Merrick and J. W. Mather, council for Birriolo, who is under sentence of death in Tioga county for wife murder, made an application to the board of pardons yesterday to have his sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

How numerous millionairs are nowadays may be infered from the fact that George Smith, a man of whom the public never heard, recently died, and his estate paid $5,000,000 to Great Britain, $3,000,000 to Uncle Sam and $2,000,000 to the state of New York as inheritance taxes.—Exchange.

The Reporter does not believe that Port Allegany needs seven licensed places to sell liquor in that fair city. Our genial friend Layman is easily disturbed over what would, in this place, seem of small importance. If you had seventeen licenses, as we have, you would have reason to object.

M. C. Field, after having held the position of book-keeper and general superintendent of the tannery at Port Allegany for the past twenty years, has been relieved from duty. His position has been taken by Martin Lawler, and duties formerly performed by this gentleman will be attended to by Oscar Johnson, of Sheffield.—Coudersport Enterprise.

The Democrats don't want to support Mr. Sibley for Congress because he is now the nominee of the Republican party, but they are perfectly willing to vote for Mr. Emery, an avowed Republican, provided they can prevail upon him to become a candidate. It is not because they love Mr. Emery more, but Mr. Sibley less. That old saying about consistency being a jewel is very applicable in this case.—Franklin News.

The Philadelphia Times, of April 20, has a fine halftone cut of Benjamin W. Green, Esq., of Emporium, Pa., who was elected Delegate-at-Large to the Republican National Convention. Mr. Green graduated from the Normal in 1868 in the same class with Governor Stone. From the number of good, bright young men the Mansfield Normal has turned out to fill many responsible positions in this State, it looks as though the State of Pennsylvania has a good deal to thank the Mansfield State Normal School for.—Mansfield Advertiser.

Capt. Wm. J. Herring, commander of the United States revenue steamer Corwin, is enjoying a furlough with relatives and friends. He was in Ridgway last week, the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. H. Shanbacher, at The New Hyde. Capt. Herring has been stationed on the Pacific coast for quite awhile and has made several trips recently to Cape Nome, where the latest gold discoveries were made. He thinks that the richest gold field in all the world, and it is so easily accessible, being only thirty-six hours from Seattle by boat.—Ridgway Advocate.

That New Road.

All persons interested in the proposed new public road to the head waters of Sterling and Canoe runs, and especially the subscribers to the fund for the building of this road are requested to meet at Walker, Howard & Co.'s hardware store on Monday evening, May 21st, at 7:30 o'clock. COMMITTEE.

Notes and News.

There is one thing quite certain. The American voters will not go to the polls with empty stomachs this year.—La Plata (Md.) Independent.

Milford F. Johnson, the Clearfield Jury Commissioner who stuffed the Jury wheel, was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary by Judge Gordon.

Ex-President Cleveland in his letter to the Brooklyn Democrat says the only sane thing the Democratic party can do is to retire Bryan. The Republican party will do the job so effectively next November that he cannot be located with a political search warrant.—Davenport (Ia.) Republican.

Next Sunday evening, instead of the regular preaching service at the M. E. Church, a program in honor of the Eleventh Anniversary of the Epworth League will be rendered. The program has been arranged for the occasion and is one of merit, consisting of music, recitations and short readings, in fact it will be highly entertaining and instructive. All are invited to attend.

Snake bite is said to be a remedy for consumption and whisky has always been known as a popular antidote for snake bite. Hence it ought naturally to follow that whisky will cure consumption. There are other associations between whisky and snakes that will suggest themselves. Some of our medicinists, by following out these clues, might be able to make some very remarkable discoveries.—Oil City Derrick.

Rural Free Delivery is now assured for the farmers in this vicinity. Postmaster W. H. Mitchell received official notification Tuesday morning authorizing him to establish on Monday, May 14th, 1900, the free delivery system over the route laid out recently by Special Agents Frank I. Taylor and A. B. Smith, of Washington, D. C. The route will cover about twenty miles and is as follows: Driftwood to Castle Garden, thence over Mason Hill to Sterling Run, thence to Driftwood via Huntley. About one hundred families will be served. Mr. A. L. Smith was appointed carrier.—Driftwood Gazette.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Latest style straw hats—endless numbers—at the old stand-by clothing house of N. Seger.

If you are working out in the hot sun you should go to N. Seger's and buy one of those broad rimed straw hats.

WALL PAPER.—The values are extraordinary, the styles new and artistic.
M. C. TULIS.

"Why we are a sect, and what we believe, and teach," is the subject that will be discussed by the Pastor of the Free Methodist Church, next Sabbath evening, the 20th. H. H. BRADLEY.

SHAW'S PURE MALT is free from adulteration, drugs, crude spirits and other harmful ingredients. Absolutely pure. Sold by F. X. Blumle, Emporium, Pa. n2-yl

We don't charge anything for our long-standing reputation. You get your money's worth every time you buy. That is how we built up our reputation. No cheap-John stuff at our store. Come and see. N. SEGER.

FOR SALE.—A number of fine dwellings and properties for sale in Emporium. Well located and provided with all modern conveniencies. Terms reasonable. Inquire of
10-4t GREEN & SHAFFER.

LOST—REWARD.—A liberal reward will be paid for the return of my satchel, lost a few days ago in Emporium. The contents are of no value to any one but the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving said satchel at this office. M. PHOENIX.
Cameron, Pa. 10-tf

POTATOES FOR SALE.—I have for sale five hundred bushels of good potatoes at forty cents per bushel, delivered to your door within the limits of Emporium Borough. Drop me a postal and you may order one or one hundred bushels.
10-3t E. W. GASKILL.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—I have secured the exclusive agency to sell Aspinwall Manufacturing Company's agricultural implements, consisting of Potato Planter, Cutter, Digger, Weeder also Sprayer, Sorter and Fertilizer Distributor. Call at my store at Sterling Run and see these machines.
n1-tf J. E. SMITH.

DRAMATIC READING.—Prof. F. S. Ford, the eminent Humorist and Dramatic Reader, of Baltimore, has been secured for an entertainment in the Chapel of the M. E. Church, Tuesday evening May 22. Prof. Ford's abilities give him the highest rank among professionals of his class and his appearance always awakens the liveliest interest and arouses the most unbounded enthusiasm. The price of admission is placed at 25 cts., and the seating capacity of the commodious and beautiful Chapel will no doubt be taxed to its utmost.

EASTMAN'S KODAK

FRIDAY, Partly cloudy, probably showers latter part of day.
SATURDAY, Showers.
SUNDAY, Probably showers.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

BOOMING.

Spring trade is booming, notwithstanding the general complaint of dealers about the weather, forest fires and dull trade. We are up to date, away ahead of any previous season. Why? Clear-sighted men and women have discovered where they can get best and the most for their money in wall paper; in gloss white enamel paint, that will not turn yellow on exposure; in curtains that go up and down; in bicycles that will run ahead of anything on the road; in fishing tackle that catches the trout; in books and stationery that will interest you; in the news counter that has all the news that was, is and will be; and a good cigar that will smoke as free as the smoke in the forests.

That's why the people are flocking here as never before.

HARRY S. LLOYD.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance..... 1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

American Rights Abroad.

A timely contribution to the discussion of American rights abroad was made at the meeting of the Ecumenical conference in New York city recently. The speaker was Hon. James B. Angell, president of the University of Michigan and former minister of the United States to Turkey, and his theme was "New Problems in the Relation of Missions to Government." President Angell spoke with the temperate language that comes with complete knowledge and that carries conviction, reports the Troy Times. The speaker enumerated two fundamental propositions: First, the Christian missionary in pursuing his vocation abroad is entitled to the same protection—no more and no less—than is deserved by other American citizens engaged in business in the same country. That protection is determined by treaties and by general international usage. Second, the government is bound to give the missionary the same protection that is given to any other of its citizens abroad. This disavowal at a missionary conference of a desire for any preferential relations of missionaries, but insistence that they shall be treated as well as others, is so sensible that it will meet instant approval throughout the country. President Angell remarked that foreign governments, even in the Chinese and Ottoman empires, were disposed to treat missionaries more fairly than were the critics at home of missionary enterprises. Persecutions and annoyances in those empires of missionaries usually spring from animosity toward foreigners and not from special antipathy to missionaries. This fact pointed President Angell's hint that to secure protection for all Americans abroad, in all sorts of trade and business, it was necessary to protect those pioneers, the Christian missionaries. It is almost superfluous to say that the distinguished speaker warmly commended the vigor with which the United States is now pressing its claim upon Turkey for reparation for damages to missionary property. He also considered that a naval demonstration would be justifiable, as not, by a large margin, meaning war, but as conveying an object lesson that the oriental would understand and respect. And a United States warship in the orient means more now than it did two years ago. President Angell distinctly declared against any government interference to advance Christianity or to revenge religious persecution as such. But he held with clearness and force that whenever a missionary was deprived of his rights as an American citizen the protecting duty of the government to its citizens abroad began. This was a logical conclusion sensibly developed.

The New York Times tells an incident that shows how large ocean steamships have become: "Once a little immigrant boy, about seven years old, was lost for four days on the voyage over. He left his mother and started in quest of adventure about the big ship, but upon growing tired was unable to find his way back to her. Instead of asking some one to show him where to go, or telling that he was lost, the young truant decided to continue his explorations indefinitely. When found, he was sleeping in an empty coal box down among the engines. One of the crew took him to the captain, who detailed six stewards to search for his mother. They found her with some difficulty, and discovered that she, too, had been lost, having started out to look for her son, and not being able to get to her own part of the ship again."

Congressman Bromwell recently told an instance illustrating how careless men are in signing petitions presented to them. They often do so without looking to see what the caption of the paper is they sign. He said a petition was circulated in Washington in reference to the colored children of the District of Columbia. After many signatures had been placed on it some wag circulated one in the house of representatives, and it received a number of signatures by congressmen before someone discovered that the heading of the petition was as follows: "We, the parents of colored children," etc.

GOOD FOR FARMERS.

Expansion Widens Markets for Agricultural Products.

Control of Cuba and Porto Rican Markets Will Put Money Into the Pockets of Agriculturists.

Washington.—"The American farmer, as well as the American manufacturer, is reaping the benefits of expansion," said Frank H. Hitchcock, chief of the section of foreign markets in the department of agriculture, when discussing the expansion question. "Our sales of agricultural products abroad during the past three years, 1897-1899, were over $500,000,000 greater than in the preceding three years, 1894-1896. This enormous gain affords some idea of the possibilities that await a further development of our agricultural export trade.

"Wider markets are becoming not only an advantage, but a necessity. The products of our factories, are increasing far beyond our own requirements, and the surplus thus resulting must be disposed of abroad, or we shall have a constant glut in the home market. To avoid such a condition we are striving, as never before to increase our shipments to foreign countries. We are searching the world over to find new markets in order that the American farmer may have a readier and more profitable sale for his products.

"Our control of the markets of Cuba and Porto Rico will mean money in the pockets of our farmers. Under normal conditions these two islands purchase annually $50,000,000 worth of agricultural produce, chiefly breadstuffs and provisions, and practically all of this trade should come to the United States.

"In due time the Philippines also will furnish an important market for the produce of American farms. This group of islands is particularly important because of its relation to the valuable commerce of the orient. All the great commercial nations are expectantly looking toward China, with her 400,000,000 of people, as the most promising field for trade development the world now offers. The American farmer wants a share in that trade. With a commercial foothold in the Philippines and a naval base there to insure the protection of our commerce on the Pacific, we shall be better able to reach forth into the coveted markets of China, Japan and the rest of eastern Asia.

"The foreign trade of China, Japan and the East Indies, even under the present undeveloped conditions, amounts to more than a billion dollars a year, and of this vast commerce the United States enjoys less than ten per cent. The possibilities of commercial expansion in this direction are simply enormous. Our exporters are beginning more fully to recognize this fact and to take advantage of it. The results already obtained are significant. Five years ago our exports to China and Japan were valued at a little more than $12,000,000; last year they amounted to nearly $40,000,000. Products of the farm enter extensively into this rapidly growing trade. The cotton planter of the south and the wheat grower of the north and west are alike benefited. During the past year more than 100,000,000 pounds of American cotton were shipped to Japan, as compared with only 11,000,000 pounds five years ago. Our exports of wheat flour to Asia in the meantime have increased from less than a million barrels to over a million and a half. Many other agricultural exports of the United States are finding a new and profitable market in the orient, and all indications point to the development there of an extensive trade in the products of agriculture.

"The farmer's benefit from commercial expansion, however, is not measured merely by the larger sale of his own products abroad. He profits nearly as much from the growing exportation of manufactured wares. The increased production of manufactures in the United States to meet the requirements of a broadening export trade naturally creates a larger home demand for the products of the farm. Every additional pound of cotton cloth sent to Asia means a better market for our raw cotton; every additional pair of shoes sold abroad means a better market here for hides of cattle; and so on through the long list of agricultural products that form the materials of manufacture. Then, too, all the various industries that are extended to meet a growing export demand require additional workmen, and these workmen must be fed from the produce of the farm. Thus the American farmer finds that the policy of commercial expansion results to his great advantage in the home as well as in the foreign market."

A Tiresome Martyr.

Dr. E. Benjamin Andrews has been selected for chancellor of the University of Nebraska by its populist regents. If the selection were made on account of Dr. Andrews' politics, rather than his ability as an educator, it will be an unfortunate affair for what has been an efficient educational institution. There is grave danger of Dr. Andrews' alleged martyrdom becoming tiresome.

Hard on the Voters.

It is intimated that Representative Lentz may have some difficulty in securing a renomination. This is really too bad, as the voters of his district may be deprived of the privilege of denying him a reelection.

A Question of Precedence.

Mr. Altgeld says Mr. Bryan is a second Thomas Jefferson. Then Mr. Bryan has other admirers who are disposed to regard the late Mr. Jefferson as a former Mr. Bryan.

ELI PERKINS AGAIN.

Gets Strange Admissions from a Dyed-in-the-Wool Southern Democrat.

The other day, says the Louisville Commercial, Eli Perkins was introduced to Judge Scott, an old dyed-in-the-wool Kentucky democrat. The judge is well known in the Blue Grass region, and the grand old Kentuckian has always been looked up to as a high priest of "befo' the wah democracy."

Perkins was introduced by an old democrat, and Judge Scott supposed Eli was a democrat, too, and he became confidential with him at once.

"How are we democrats getting along, judge?" asked Eli, in a confidential tone.

The judge looked at Eli a moment, to see if he really wanted information about the party, and slowly remarked:

"Well, sir, we are getting on very well, financially, but politically we are running behind. Yes, I'm afraid we are running behind."

"What causes this?" asked Eli.

"Well, sir," said the judge, sadly, "I am afraid our party has not been altogether right. We have erred in some things."

"Where have we erred, judge?"

"Well, sir, I hate to admit it, but our Grover Cleveland policy hurt us Kentuckians. I wouldn't say it to a black republican, but we democrats all admit it among ourselves. You see," said the judge, "we used to get 35 cents for wool, and a big price for hemp and tobacco, before Grover came in, but that Wilson bill hurt us. It knocked wool down to 12 cents. Free jute, put in to help the cotton fellows, ruined our hemp and it rotted in the ground. Then we lowered the tariff on tobacco and our tobacco went down on us. We didn't complain, but we democrats did a good deal of thinking. Cattle and hogs got lower and lower and when Grover went out we were pretty poor—yes, dog-on hard up, sir!"

"Are they still bad—the times?" asked Eli.

"No, honestly, the times are good Wool and hemp and tobacco have doubled in price and are still going up Cattle and hogs are high and our blue grass farmers are getting rich."

"Well, what is the matter, then?"

"Why, these good times have knocked out our dear old democratic party. Our democratic farmers say they will never vote for free trade or low tariff again."

"Well, what can we democrats do?" asked Eli.

"I hate to admit it," said the judge, sadly, "but if we democrats want to win in Kentucky again we've got to keep the tariff right where it is. That old Wilson bill and Bryan's free silver will be a scarecrow to every farmer in Kentucky and Tennessee. We've tried low tariff, and we know—I'm ashamed to say so, but we know it hurt us! No, sir, the people are prosperous, but our democratic party is doing poorly. I wouldn't say it to a black republican, but that is the way we democrats talk among ourselves."

As the judge got off the train at Lexington he remarked: "Yes, and there was another mistake we democrats made. Grover Cleveland wanted to sink the republic of Hawaii and put a nigger on the throne. We democrats didn't complain, but it made us sick, for, between you and me, we democrats ain't puttin' niggers on thrones. McKinley's white governor over a republic suits old Kentucky and the south."

GREAT TRADE EXPANSION.

Business with Trans-Pacific Countries Increases Under Protective Tariff.

The remarkable growth of our exports to the orient become apparent when the figures of the present exports are compared with those of a few years ago. For instance, our exports to Japan in the fiscal year 1893 were but $3,195,494 and in 1899 they were $17,264,688 and seem likely to be $26,000,000 in the fiscal year 1900. To China our exports of 1893 were $3,900,457 and in the present fiscal year it will be in round terms $15,000,000. To Hong-Kong our exports during the period have doubled, being $4,216,602 in 1893 and promise to be over $8,000,000 in the present fiscal year. To Australasia the exports of 1893 were $7,921,228 and promise to be fully $24,000,000 in the present fiscal year. To Asiatic Russia the exports of 1893 were less than $250,000, but will reach fully $2,000,000 in the fiscal year about to end.

Even more remarkable, however, is the growth in our exports to the Hawaiian and Philippine islands. To the Hawaiian islands the exports of 1893 were $2,827,663, in 1899, $9,305,470, and in the fiscal year 1900 promise to be fully $12,000,000; while our exports to the Philippines, which in 1893 were but $154,378, will in the present year exceed $2,000,000. Considering our exports to Asia and Oceania combined the total for the fiscal year 1893 is $27,421,831; for 1899, $78,235,176, and for the fiscal year about to end will exceed $100,000,000. The remarkable development of this branch of our foreign trade in the last two years, under a protective tariff, is very gratifying.

Not to Be Trusted.

The argument that the hands of the democratic party were tied by the passage of the gold standard bill is not a tempting one. A party that can be kept out of mischief only by compulsory means is an excellent party to keep out of power.

Senator Pettigrew at Home.

Sioux Falls, the home of Senator Pettigrew and the site of the populist convention, has rolled up a handsome republican majority. This is but a sample of what South Dakota intends to do in November.

WHARTON BARKER

Nominated for President of the United States.

Ignatius Donnelly Is Chosen for Vice President — Proceedings of the Middle of the Road Populists' National Convention at Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 10.—National Chairman Deaver called the middle-of-the road populists' convention to order yesterday. He introduced Mayor Tafel, who welcomed the delegates to Cincinnati. When Chairman Deaver rapped for order there were 470 men and women occupying delegates' seats.

National Secretary Parker read the call for the convention. He prefaced the reading with a few remarks on the work of the national committee following the disruption in the populist forces at Lincoln, Neb., on February 19 last. He said: "We have had a terrific struggle to hold together the honest men of the party, but I believe we have succeeded and the people's party is saved."

He excoriated Senator Allen and that gentleman's alleged remark at Lincoln: "We have thrown them over the transom." Parker declared that the people's party went over the transom at the same time and that "Butler and Allen at Sioux Falls cannot sell the vote of the people's party."

Chairman Deaver announced that the national committee had recommended the selection of ex-Congressman Howard, of Alabama, for temporary chairman. The convention ratified the recommendation. Organization was then completed by the selection of the regular committees.

On calling the convention to order at 8 p. m. Chairman Howard referred to the trouble at Sioux Falls over the division of the spoils. A delegate from Missouri pointed to the big "16 to 1" placard and moved that "the corpse" be removed from the hall. This led to a discussion on that issue when it was shut off by calling out A. H. Burkhard, candidate for governor of Indiana, for a speech. He was followed by Wharton Barker,

W. L. Peek, of Georgia, was elected permanent chairman and the convention adjourned until to-day.

Cincinnati, May 11.—For President—Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania.

For Vice President—Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota.

Above is the ticket placed in the field yesterday by what is commonly known as the middle-of-the-road populist party, but which, according to leaders of the movement, is the only poeple's party.

When the convention met the platform was read and adopted. The platform reaffirms the Omaha platform; demands the initiative and referendum; public ownership of public utilities; declares against alien ownership of land; a "scientific" paper money, not redeemable in any specific metal; an income tax and free coinage of silver are also declared for; election of president, vice president, federal judges and United States senators by direct vote of the people is demanded. Trusts are condemned and it is said that no solution of this problem is possible until all public utilities are under public control.

When the roll was called for nominations for president, Prof. Boyce, of Nebraska City, presented the name of ex-Congressman M. W. Howard, of Alabama. Gen. Phillips, of Georgia, presented the name of Wharton Barker, of Pennsylvania.

Judge Williams, of Vincennes, presented the name of Ignatius Donnelly.

As the speechmaking proceeded, it was reported about the hall that the Barker delegations had threatened to bolt if Howard should be placed at the head of the ticket. To check such action Mr. Howard decided not to accept the presidential nomination, which was apparently his

Notwithstanding the withdrawal of Mr. Howard, most of his friends insisted on voting for him and he led on the first roll call, which resulted as follows: Howard 311, Barker 303, Donnelly 70, J. A. Norton 1; necessary to a choice 488. Donnelly's name was then withdrawn.

When the totals were read Dr. Crowe, of Alabama, began to abuse ex-Gov. Waite, who he charged with misrepresenting the south. Gov. Waite had, in a speech earlier in the session, charged that the south had forced Weaver on the west in 1892. "And now the west," Crowe shouted, "was trying to force Howard on Alabama."

Mr. Waite rushed to the front and amid great confusion declared that the Alabamians misunderstood him, and apologized.

The second ballot resulted: Barker 370, Howard 339, Donnelly 7, Norton 2. The chair ruled that a majority of all the votes cast would be necessary and Barker won by this decision.

R. M. Chenault, of Kansas, moved that Ignatius Donnelly be named for the vice presidency. The motion was carried and the ticket completed.

A long struggle ensued as to whether the convention should elect a national chairman, or leave that matter to the committee. The wrangle continued until a motion to select the chairman in the convention prevailed and J. A. Parker, of Kentucky, was elected chairman of the national committee by acclamation.

It was decided to establish the national headquarters in Chicago and the convention adjourned sine die.

Jumped from Brooklyn Bridge.

New York, May 10.—Robert Wetzel, a middle-aged single man, jumped from the Brooklyn bridge yesterday. He is the third person who has jumped from this bridge during the last three weeks. A tug boat picked up the jumper and landed him at a pier. He was then conveyed to a hospital. He soon lapsed into unconsciousness.

P. of L. E. Convention.

Milwaukee, May 10.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met here yesterday. Most of the day was taken up with the examination of the credentials of 500 delegates.

SWEEPING CHANGES.

They are Made in the Management of the Wire Combine—Mr. Gates Starts for Europe.

New York, May 11.—Changes of a sweeping character in the affairs of the American Steel and Wire Co. were announced Thursday after a session of the board of directors. John W. Gates resigned the chairmanship of the board of directors and is now on his way to Europe. He is succeeded by Alfred Clifford, of Chicago.

John Lambert, the president of the company, resigned in favor of William P. Palmer. Isaac L. Elwood resigned as chairman of the executive committee and his place is taken by William Edenborn.

The office of treasurer, made vacant by the elevation of Mr. Clifford, is filled by the election of F. L. Watson. Henry Seligman and Frederick Strauss, both of this city, who resigned from the directory last Monday because of their opposition to Mr. Gates and his policy, are succeeded by Randall Morgan, of Philadelphia, and Herman Sielcken, of New York.

All the new officers, directors and committeemen named are said to be in harmony with Mr. Gates and his policy.

Following the meeting of the directors a statement narrating in detail the causes which led to the changes in the personnel of the company was given out. It starts off with Mr. Gates' letter of resignation. In it he states that for more than a year he had comtemplated retirement and should have taken the step on May 1, but for the recent controversy. He justifies his action in closing the mills three weeks ago and, says:

"I never sold a share of the stock of this company, excepting that which I owned, and I am to-day a large holder of the stock of this company and every member of my family is a holder of the stock of this company."

YATES NAMED FOR GOVERNOR.

Illinois Republicans Nominate Candidates for State Offices.

Peoria, Ill., May 10.—The republican state convention yesterday nominated the following ticket:

Governor—Richard Yates, of Jacksonville.

Lieutenant Governor—William A. Northcott, of Bond county.

Secretary of State—James A. Rose, of Pope county.

Auditor of State—James S. McCullough, of Champaign.

State Treasurer—M. O. Williamson, of Galesburg.

The nomination for governor was on the fourth ballot after a prolonged struggle. Gov. Tanner and his friends worked strongly for the nomination of Judge Elbridge Hanecy, of Chicago. It was Hanecy against a field of three—Judge Orrin N. Carter, of Chicago; Congressman Walter Reeves, of Streator, and Judge Yates, of Jacksonville, son of Illinois' famous war governor. Hanecy led on the first two ballots. On the third ballot a break came and the nomination seemed to be going to Reeves. The Hanecy lieutenants began to transfer their votes to Yates and the Jacksonville man was nominated on the fourth ballot amid great confusion.

The resolutions endorse the administration of President McKinley and reaffirm the St. Louis platform. Trusts are denounced and the gold standard commended. Gov. Tanner's administration is approved and the return of Shelby M. Cullom to the senate is recommended.

A NOTE OF WARNING.

Lord Salisbury Tells Britons to Prepare for a Possible Invasion by Armed Enemies.

London, May 10.—The annual grand habitation of the Primrose league was held in Albert hall yesterday. The Marquis of Salisbury, grand master, in his address said:

"Mr. Gladstone, in an evil moment for the country, attached himself to the idea of the separation of England and Ireland. No one can say the home rule cause presents any elements of sanguine anticipation for the future. I am assured that there is no hope of the predominant partner ever consenting to give Ireland practical independence. We have learned something from the South African war. We now know better than we did ten years ago what a risk it would be if we gave a disloyal government in Ireland the power of accumulating forces against this country."

His references to the possibility of a coalition of the powers against England were sensational. He warned his hearers that in this eventuality the empire could trust no professions of friendship abroad, but must be prepared to stand or fall by her own might and he urged the formation of rifle clubs among all classes and the training of every youth for the possible defense of the country against foreign invasion.

Iowa Republicans Convene.

Des Moines, Ia., May 11.—The Iowa republican convention was held here Thursday and furnished a spectacle of political harmony, confidence and strength seldom witnessed. The fact that no state officers were to be nominated deprived the convention of much interest. The platform sends the Iowa delegation to the Quaker City instructed for McKinley, filled with approval of the administration in all its acts and in favor of protective legislation against trusts.

Alleged Swindler Arrested.

Westfield, Wis., May 11.—David Plemon, a stranger here, has been arrested, charged with making out applications for persons for soldiers' additional scrip. It is said that more than 20 warrants will be issued for persons who have been induced by him to impersonate deceased soldiers and make false affidavits under such assumed names, for the purpose of defrauding the government. A number of these fraudulent applications have passed through the land office in Washington and assigned to scrip speculators,

Cures Talk

Great Fame of a Great Medicine Won by Actual Merit.

The fame of Hood's Sarsaparilla has been won by the good it has done to those who were suffering from disease. Its cures have excited wonder and admiration. It has caused thousands to rejoice in the enjoyment of good health, and it will do you the same good it has done others. It will expel from your blood all impurities; will give you a good appetite and make you strong and vigorous. It is just the medicine to help you now, when your system is in need of a tonic and invigorator.

Indigestion — "After suffering six months from indigestion, headache, nervousness and impure blood, I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken six bottles I was well." Frank Nolen, Oakland, Ills.

REMEMBER

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

GRAIN-O

THE FOOD DRINK.

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste, but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

A Short Order.

Mr. Dobbs—I tell you, the telephone is a great convenience.

Mr. Bobbs—Sure thing. Fellow down at Beamer's restaurant gave me a hot roast over mine yesterday.—Baltimore American.

One Night to Denver

Via Chicago, Union Pacific & North-Western Line. "Colorado Special" leaves Chicago 10:00 every morning, arriving Denver 1:20 the next afternoon, Colorado Springs and Manitou same evening. No change of cars. All meals in Dining Cars. Another fast train at 10:30 P. M. Daily. New book "Colorado," illustrated, mailed on receipt of four cents postage. Ticket Offices, Chicago & North-Western R'y., 193 Clark St., and Wells St. Station.

Behind the Scenes.

Ham Lett—Are there any long waits in the piece you are playing?

Sue Brett—Rather. I've been waiting ten weeks for a chance to look at my salary.—Chicago Journal.

Serious Ills of Women

The derangements of the female organism that breed all kinds of trouble and which ordinary practice does not cure, are the very things that give way promptly to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Uterine and ovarian troubles, kidney troubles, ulcerations, tumors, unusual discharges, backaches and painful periods—these are the ills that hang on and wreck health and happiness and disposition.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has a wonderful record of absolute cures of these troubles—a constant series of successes for thirty years. Thousands of women vouch for this. Their letters constantly appear in this paper.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents | GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

BRITONS VICTORS.

A Great Struggle Along the Banks of the Vet River.

The English Troops Win a Series of Stubborn Engagements and the Enemy Retreats, After Suffering Considerable Loss.

Warrenton, May 7.—On Saturday Gen. Barton drove from 2,000 to 3,000 Boers from hilly positions at Rooidan. They retreated after stiff fighting, leaving a number of dead on the field. The British casualties were slight.

The engagement on Saturday was severe and lasted from 9 in the morning until 4 in the afternoon.

The British losses were five killed and 25 wounded—mostly Welsh Fusileers. The British took a batch of prisoners, including the Swedish ambulance, which they allowed to return. The Boers, in their hurried retreat, left 13 dead.

Vet River, May 7.—Gen. Pole-Carew started at daybreak Saturday on a 19-mile march. He first came into contact with Boers holding the river at 1 p. m. The British soon had two batteries in action and later they added two naval nine-pounders and two siege guns.

Gen. Hutton started early to find the drift on the west. When this was discovered it proved to be strongly held and protected by two guns. The British speedily engaged the Boers, who enfiladed the dismounted firing line with a Maxim, but Gen. Hutton pushed forward his own pompom and a Maxim and forced the Boers to leave the river bed.

The encounter was terribly hot. Later the whole British force crossed the river.

London, May 8.—The Boers are everywhere retiring before the British—except on the Natal frontier and at Mafeking—to the inner circle of their defenses.

Fifteen thousand British are now operating on the western frontier of the Free State. As the deadlock at Warrenton has been broken and the Boers are retreating, there is nothing formidable, except distance, between Warrenton and Mafeking. The most hopeful advices from Mafeking on April 22 were that the garrison would be barely able to hold out for a month. At that time the fever was spreading.

The Lorenzo Marquez correspondent of the Times says: "Commandant Snyman is so alarmed at the prospect of having his retreat cut off that he has appealed for permission to retire northward from Mafeking to intercept Col. Plumer."

Smalldeel, May 8.—The movement that culminated in the capture of Winburg and Smalldeel was part of a great general movement extending from Gen. Hunter on the west to Gen. Rundle on the east. Lord Roberts' admirable strategy resulted in placing everywhere five British to one Boer. Out of what appeared the inextricable confusion of divisions and brigades order was quickly evolved and the Boers were compelled to meet Lord Roberts under unfavorable conditions.

On Saturday the Boers held a really strong position, from which, earlier in the campaign, they could only have been forced by hard fighting. Gen. Hamilton's arrival at Winburg, although not directly outflanking the Boers, made their position extremely uncomfortable. Gen. Hutton's movement on the left was even more successful than at first imagined. Forty Boers were killed.

London, May 9.—Four thousand British cavalry watered their horses on Monday at Zand river, 25 miles beyond Smaldeel, where Lord Roberts continues to date his dispatches. The scouts who have been searching the country for miles along the stream found no Boers south of the river. The enemy are laagered in unknown force on the north bank. Thus the British advance guard is within 45 miles of Kroonstad.

London, May 10.—Gen. Hutton's mounted infantry brigade, including the Canadians, with a part of Gen. French's cavalry, crossed the Zand river on Tuesday and began to work its way cautiously along the railway northward, in the track of the retiring Boers.

About 8,000 horsemen were probably engaged in this advance. Gen. Hutton, before he was joined by a part of Gen. French's force, had a sharp fight. This was on Monday, when he reached the river and saw the Boer convoys on the other side and pressed forward, intending to cross and capture them. The Boers, however, opened fire with from eight to ten guns, forded the river above and below, seemingly in thousands, and sought to envelop the British. Gen. Hutton fell back several miles, the Boers following until other British cavalry reinforced Hutton. During the night the Boers retreated.

London, May 11.—Members of the house of commons were freely betting last evening that Lord Roberts would be in Pretoria in two months. The ministerialists are building confident hopes upon the plans he has communicated to the war office.

From 15,000 to 20,000 is the highest estimate of the Boers under the command of Gen. Botha, who is said to have 16 guns. Gen. Botha and Gen. De Vet are reported to have quarreled.

Lord Roberts is pressing hard after this force with 35,000 men and 140 guns, and 20,000 more men are easily available.

Must Keep the Old Faith.

Chicago, May 7.—The report of the constitutional commission to the Methodist general conference, which will probably be presented this week, will call for the continued maintenance of the religion of John Wesley. The episcopacy may be abandoned and other constitutional features changed, but the articles of religion, the doctrines of the church, are to be retained in their purity. The heretic of the future must leave the church as he has done in the past, but Methodism will not accept any departure from the theology of the fathers.

EVERY LINE TIED UP.

St. Louis Street Railroaders Strike—Cars Manned by Non-Unionists Are Attacked by Angry Mobs.

St. Louis, May 9.—In accordance with the decision reached by the St. Louis Transit Co.'s employes early Tuesday morning, a general strike was inaugurated on the entire system at daybreak. No cars were in operation, save a few on the Park avenue division. The first car on this division left the sheds at 8 o'clock. The strikers at the sheds did not attempt to prevent the crews from taking the cars out. The crews were allowed to run the cars unmolested until 12:45 o'clock, when car No. 5 of the Park avenue division was badly wrecked on Washington avenue by a volley of stones thrown by a crowd of men and boys.

The Suburban line, many of the employes of which had been on a strike for several days, was also tied up after the early morning hours. Cars were run as far east as Thirteenth street, but when efforts were made to bring them down town crowds of strikers and sympathizers interfered with the crews and in several cases dragged them off the cars.

From time to time during the afternoon and night attempts were made to operate the cars, but in nearly every case resulted in attacks on the crews by crowds along the streets, practically stopping traffic.

At 1:15 o'clock a Park avenue car was considerably damaged at Eighteenth and Washington avenue.

The crew on the car stuck to their posts, although the stones flew thick around them. The company, when it found that the cars could not be operated, sent them back to the sheds. Numerous cars were stoned and the men operating them attacked by crowds along the streets. The strikers declare that they have had no active part in these hostile demonstrations.

Chairman Samuel Lee, of the national executive board, the man who is conducting the strike, said that the union was satisfied with the results of the strike.

"We struck to tie up the system," said he, "and we have succeeded. The company has precipitated this strike. We are ready at any time to do our part towards settling the differences between us and the company."

St. Louis, May 10.—The second day of the great street railroad strike was as quiet as the first was riotous. The St. Louis Transit Co. made no effort to run its cars and the St. Louis & Suburban made none until late in the afternoon, when policemen massed along the line and with a detachment on each car succeeded in getting a number through. Far from relieving the situation, however, this demonstration had no further effect than to show that by massing their forces on a single line the police could keep that line open.

The first tragedy in connection with the strike occurred last night. As a Suburban car, en route to the company's sheds in the western part of the city, was passing the Baptist sanitarium, a number of men gathered in the grounds of the institution threw rocks at the car. Some one on the car fired a shot at the crowd, the bullet finding lodgement in the breast of Frank Lebrecht. The wounded man attempted to enter the sanitarium, but fell dead on reaching the door.

One story is that a police officer on the car fired the shot. Dan Donovan was arrested by the police, charged with firing the fatal bullet. Donovan is employed by the railway company.

St. Louis, May 11.—The feature of Thursday in the great street railway strike was the conference between Gov. Stephens, the members of the executive committee of the local Street Railway Employes' association and the officers and attorneys of the Transit Co., called for the purpose of ascertaining if some amicable understanding could not be arrived at to end hostilities. The conference lasted for several hours, but at its conclusion Gov. Stephens announced that nothing had been accomplished. The strikers' officials announced that they were willing to arbitrate the question of differences provided the proposition to do so came from the railway company. The railway officials firmly refused to entertain any such proposal, stating that they had nothing to arbitrate.

The riotous demonstration on the part of the strikers and their sympathizers, especially noticeable on the day the strike was inaugurated, were almost entirely missing yesterday. The suburban company operated its system under police protection during the entire day and was patronized liberally by the public. The Transit Co. ran two cars over one branch of its system, but attempted to carry no passengers. The cars were guarded by police and were seldom molested.

Another fatality as a result of the strike was recorded last night. As Flora Siegfried, a young woman, was crossing Washington street carrying an infant in her arms, she was hit on the head with a brick that had been hurled at a passing car on the Suburban system. Her skull was fractured and she died shortly after being carried to the City hospital.

Vesuvius in Eruption.

Rome, May 9.—A dispatch from Portici, at the north foot of Mount Vesuvius, says: "Loud explosions within Vesuvius continue, accompanied by frequent but slight shocks that are felt at San Vito and in the direction of Pugliano.

Will Ignore Lochren's Decision.

Washington, May 9.—Officials of the war department claim that Judge Lochren's decision relative to the constitution and Porto Rico will not require any change of policy on their part. Had Judge Lochren released Ortiz, whose case brought forth the judge's opinion respecting the extension of the constitution to Porto Rico, the authorities would have taken immediate steps to appeal the case to a superior tribunal. But as it is, the judge's statements relative to Porto Rico are regarded by them as not binding upon the administration.

HE WAS AMBIDEXTROUS.

An Operator Held Revolver in One Hand and Telegraphed with the Other.

Six tramps entered the telegraph office of the Southern railway at what is known as Alexandria and Fredericksburg crossing about three miles west of Alexandria, shortly before ten o'clock one night recently, says the Washington Post, and threatened to kill the telegraph operator, James Cox, unless he agreed to flag the Chesapeake & Ohio train, which leaves Alexandria southbound at 11 o'clock. This train is a through express, one of the fastest on the road, and the operator refused to comply with the tramps' demands. Two of them had come into the office to make the demand, and when it was refused they set upon Cox and the other four entered the office to assist in the attack upon the operator.

When the tramps sprang upon Cox he drew a revolver and razor from the drawer and held them at bay. At the sight of the weapons all drew back and four of the six fled from the office and disappeared in the darkness. The others tried to follow suit, but Cox covered them with his revolver, made them throw up their hands, and forced them into a corner. Covering the hemmed in men with the pistol held in his left hand, Cox used his right to work his key, and telegraphed to the railroad office at Alexandria, describing the situation out in the little office, miles away from help.

The instant the message was received at Alexandria the police were informed and an engine was made ready. In a few minutes it started for the A. & F. crossing with trainmaster and officers on board. When they arrived at the telegraph office they found Operator Cox, with both of his captives penned in a corner, still covered with his pistol and thoroughly cowed. The prisoners were placed aboard the engine and taken to Alexandria and locked up. The country around the telegraph office was searched by the officers, but no trace of the other tramps could be found.

Value of Violet Extract.

A pint bottle of "the strongest violet extract" was recently advertised for sale by the customs authorities at Baltimore. It was seized for undervaluation. The importers entered it as worth $15. Investigation disclosed that it was valued at $645 in England. With duties which are high on "necessaries" of this kind added, the upset price at the advertised sale will be $1,200. The product is called "ionone."

INCREASES SALE OF BEER.

The Demand Upon English Breweries Has Been Enlarged by the South African War.

The depression of spirits which the war has undoubtedly produced does not seem to have extended so far as the great brewing districts, says a foreign exchange.

At Burton-on-Trent, at any rate, they say that there has been, if anything, an increase, rather than a decrease, in the output since the outbreak of hostilities, as the railway tonnage itself will show.

Last year was a tremendous year for brewing. Nothing like it had been known in the history of Burton, and the brewers and the railway companies were practically at loggerheads because the latter, try how they would, could not supply the trucks in sufficient number to carry the liquor from the town to its destination. The carriers have scarcely yet recovered from the terrible strain, and the flow of beer, in spite of the war, continues to increase in volume.

One firm alone is still paying to the Midland company alone a quarter of a million annually for the carriage of their product; and the other large breweries can boast of proportionate sums. Nor is this increase in any way due to exports to South Africa. There is one company which knows as much as any other firm concerning a supply of beer to her majesty's forces, and the senior managing director at Burton, who is also mayor of the borough, says that his company had only sent 1,000 hogsheads to the troops in South Africa since the war began. So, if there had been any real falling off in the public appetite it could not be said that it had been neutralized by consignments to the seat of war.

Traits of the Hindoo.

The Hindoo is a strict vegetarian The low-caste Hindoo is a fatalist. So, when the famine stalks abroad, the Hindoo submits uncomplainingly. Day by day he will subsist on less food, until at last, when a mere shadow, he will drag his bony self to a relief station. There he may get food—or he may not. If not, he crouches in some corner, or out in the fields, under the trees and awaits the coming of death.

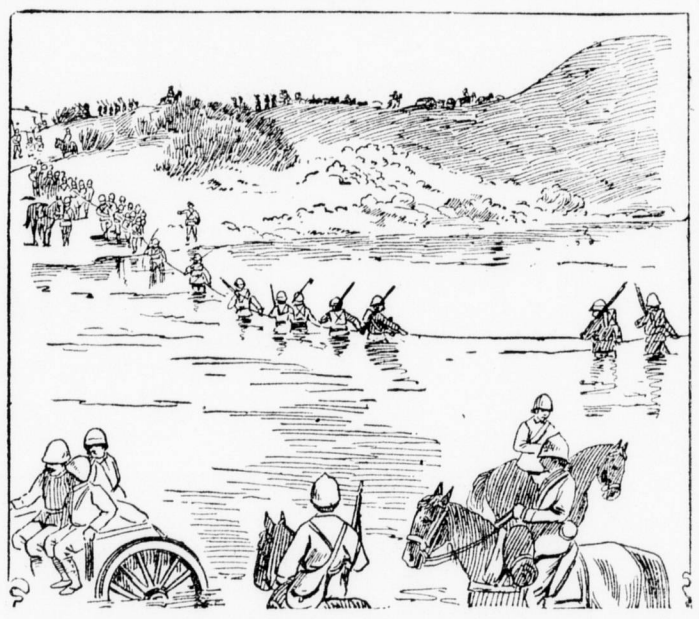
Clean Streets in Cuban Cities.

The streets of Havana, Matanzas, Santiago and other cities are kept scrupulously clean. Disinfectants are sprinkled over the roads and thoroughfares by big street sprinklers every morning.

COL. WINFIELD TAYLOR DURBIN.

This gentleman, who has just been nominated for governor by the republicans of Indiana, is a native of the Hoosier state, having been born in Lawrenceburg, May 4, 1847. He served throughout the civil war as a private in an Indiana regiment. After a business career in various places he removed to Anderson, Ind., in 1879, where he engaged in banking and in the development of the natural gas resources of that section. He has taken an active interest in politics for some years. During the late war he was colonel of an Indiana volunteer regiment which saw some garrison service in Cuba.

CANADIAN VOLUNTEERS IN SOUTH AFRICA.



The picture shows how the Canadian contingent fighting under Gen. Roberts crossed the Modder river by the aid of a life line. The brave fellows followed the road from Jacobsdal to Paardeberg, which presented an exaggerated repetition of a spectacle common to many old "Forty-Niners" who followed the overland trail to California in search of gold. All the way between the two points the road was strewn with dead and dying oxen and horses, fallen exhausted by the way, and hordes of vultures flocked to the gruesome feast. The bravery of the Canadians in these circumstances was truly commendable.

BRYAN AND TOWNE

Nominated for President and Vice President.

Populist Convention at Sioux Falls, S. D., Holds a Two Days' Session—Five Hundred Delegates Present—Some Exciting Scenes Before Adjournment.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 10.—The people's party convention began business Wednesday in the big tent on the top of the hill on the western side of the city of Sioux Falls. There have been larger crowds in attendance upon national conventions and possibly there have been questions upon which more enthusiasm has been manifested, but there have been few similar events which have been marked by more evident sincerity of purpose or more pronounced decorum of behavior. It was evident that the delegates were there for a well understood purpose and that whatever that purpose it was to be carried into effect.

There were 500 delegates in their seats, and surrounding them there was a fringe of alternates and visitors numbering 600 to 800. Seats had been provided for a larger number, but the attendance did not appear meager and what was lost in attendance was made up in enthusiasm.

All told it was a well dressed, good mannered and thoroughly well behaved assemblage of people. By no means the least noticeable characteristic of the gathering was the presence of a number of women. Colorado led the list in the number of women delegates, three being present from that state. They were given front seats. Kansas, Idaho and the District of Columbia also sent women delegates.

Chairman Butler called the convention to order and prayer was delivered by Bishop O'Gorman. At the conclusion of the prayer Chairman Butler called on Secretary Edgerton to read the call for the convention, which he did.

Senator Butler then introduced Gov. Lee, of South Dakota, who on behalf of his state welcomed the convention to South Dakota. Chairman Butler responded for the convention.

At the conclusion of his address Chairman Butler introduced the temporary chairman of the convention, P. M. Ringdale, of Minnesota, who made a speech.

The committees were appointed and the convention adjourned until 8 p. m.

Hon. Thomas Patterson, of Colorado, was selected for permanent chairman of the convention by the committee on permanent organization.

The evening session was devoted entirely to singing and music by the Fifty-first Iowa regiment band.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 11.—While yesterday was full of events in the national populist convention, it began rather inauspiciously for the consummation of its work. There were three sessions. The first of these was barren of results except in the way of supplying machinery for the convention work and the afternoon session was well under way before the assemblage really got down to business. The forenoon session was given up to effecting a permanent organization, by the election of Hon. T. M. Patterson, of Colorado, as chairman and the selection of other officers.

Mr. Bryan's nomination was made by acclamation and was accomplished with expedition and tact. There were not to exceed half a dozen speeches in Mr. Bryan's behalf. All of these were brief and pointed, while full of praise for the candidate. The speakers were led off by Senator Allen, of Mr. Bryan's own state, and he was followed by Gen. Weaver, of Iowa; ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson, of Kansas; "Cyclone" Davis, of Texas; Senator Butler, of North Carolina, and one or two others.

Then towards the close of the afternoon session began the real contest of the convention. This was the fight over the vice presidency, or rather, the fight over the proposition not to make any nomination for vice president, but to refer the entire matter to a committee to be appointed to confer with the democrats and silver republicans in their conventions to be held at Kansas City. Both the propositions to nominate and to refer and also various compromise suggestions were presented and upon them was based a debate which not only developed a great deal of oratory but came near culminating in fisticuffs.

The exciting event of the convention was reached when ex-Congressman Kelly, of South Dakota, becoming excited over a failure to secure recognition, rose in his seat and denounced the occupant of the chair as a "bunco steerer." To this Chairman Patterson responded spiritedly. There were cries of "Put him out" and a number of delegates gathered about Mr. Kelly. Quiet was, however, soon restored and the convention decided to nominate a candidate for vice president.

Howard S. Taylor, of Illinois, was placed in nomination for vice president, together with John Breidenthal, of Kansas; J. H. Davis, of Texas; John J. Lentz, of Ohio; T. T. Rynder, of Pennsylvania, and Charles E. Towne, of Minnesota.

All the candidates except Towne withdrew their names and Towne was nominated by acclamation. Then the convention adjourned sine die.

Four are Missing.

Galeton, Pa., May 10.—The property loss resulting from the forest fires at Corbett and vicinity is about $200,000 Mr. and Mrs. George Loucks, who were reported as burned to death, were found yesterday alive and well. They had been rescued with great difficulty and taken to a place of safety. Four other residents of Corbett are still missing, and it is feared they perished. The body of Samuel George was found by the roadside. He had been burned to death while fighting the fire. Ten buildings were destroyed in the village

A NEW CONVERT.

Prominent Filipino Proposes a Peace Platform.

PROTECTION IS NEEDED,

Uncle Sam's Guidance Is Essential to Filipino Welfare.

TO PREVENT CIVIL STRIFE.

A Former Member of Aguinaldo's Cabinet Claims that If Guaranteed Peace with Honor, the Insurgent Leaders Will Surrender.

Manila, May 12.—Senor Buencamino, at one time a member of the Filipino republican cabinet, who was recently liberated by Gen. Otis, announces that he has become reconciled to American sovereignty and that he will devote his influence to bringing about peace. He has sent a proposed peace platform for the national Filipino party to the insurgent leaders in Manila and to the insurgent generals, including Aguinaldo, in the field.

This platform declares that it is impossible for the Filipinos to exist as a nation without the protection of the United States and that, consequently they must recognize American sovereignty and strive to attain, under a constitution, the utmost liberty possible.

Continuing, Senor Buencamino argues that the Filipinos are incapable of self-government. He says: "In our independent government the most predominant notes were abuses and immoralities, the offspring of ignorance and the inherited vices of Spain, by which the Filipino regime was rendered odious to our own people."

Therefore, he contends, American control is necessary to prevent civil strife. He recommends to the national Filipino party the adoption of a programme embodying the following features:

"First—Recognition of the sovereignty of the United States, cessation of hostilities and co-operation on the part of the Filipinos in the prosecution of bandits who continue depredations in the name of independence.

"Second—A request for a declaration by the United States government guaranteeing to the Filipinos personal liberties and rights under a constitution.

"Third—A Filipino delegation to present to the American congress and the public the desires of the Filipinos respecting political status.

"Fourth—The application of a part of the public funds to the maintenance of hospitals for sick and wounded Filipino soldiers and for the establishment of schools.

"Fifth—The transfer of the insurgent funds to the American treasury.

"Sixth—The establishment of a permanent system of Filipino representatives to the civil commission.

"Seventh—The exclusion of friars from the administration of the parishes."

Discussing the political outlook with a press correspondent yesterday Senor Buencamino said:

"There are three elements in the Philippines which obstruct the attainment of peace. The first is the body of Filipino agitators in Manila who are continually shouting for independence and who thus influence the ignorant masses. The second is the friars, who desire a prolongation of hostilities, because in peace between the Filipinos and the Americans they foresee the end of their prestige and power and the ultimate loss of their properties. The third element is—(suppressed by the censor).

"If the civil commission brings liberal ideas and will approach Aguinaldo and the other leaders still fighting, in a way that will make it possible for them to surrender and yet to retain the respect of their countrymen, then peace in the Philippines will be only a question of a few weeks.

"If the civil commission will guarantee protection to the personal and individual rights and liberties of the Filipinos, leaving the determination of our future political status to the United States congress, Aguinaldo will come in, will order a cessation of hostilities and will direct the surrender of arms."

Caught a Pair of Burglars.

Chicago, May 12.—Facing a shower of bullets while chasing supposedly petty thieves for nearly a mile yesterday, Officer Frank J. McNamara effected an important capture. The men arrested are noted ex-convicts and since their release from prison have been conducting wholesale burglaries in Des Moines and South Omaha, the loot aggregating $10,000 in value. They are Jim Demmitt and George Thompson, both colored. They confessed to a series of 12 burglaries they had committed in Iowa between May 3 and 7. They further told the police that there is a third member of their gang here and detectives are on his trail.

A Great Conflagration.

San Francisco, May 12.—Advices from Yokohama give particulars of the big fire at Fukin, a large town on the western coast of Japan, April 18. The flames originated in the suburbs of the city and were carried by a heavy wind to several parts of the city at once. The fire raged for six hours before it could be controlled. Sixteen hundred houses, including 30 temples and all the principal buildings, were burned. Sixteen persons perished and nearly 100 were injured. The property loss is estimated at about $2,500,000. There was but small insurance.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year or for six or three months are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2 00; each subsequent insertion 50 cents per square.

Local notices ten cents per line for one insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent consecutive incertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business Cards, five lines or less $5.00 per year over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising

No local inserted for less than 75 cts. per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete, and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO Law Printing.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Auditor General,
EDMUND B. HARDENBERGH, of Wayne.
Congress-at-Large,
GALUSHA A. GROW, of Susquahanna.
ROBERT H. FOERDERER, of Philadelphia.
Congress,
JOSEPH C. SIBLEY, of Venango.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.
B. W. GREEN, Esq., Chairman.
A. C. BLUM, Esq., Secretary,

EDITORIAL MENTION.

The important difference between the Democratic and Republican party is that the former promises and the latter performs.

Sioux Falls sets the pace for Populistic platform making. The Kansas City tinkers will be compelled to meekly fall into line.

The Ohio Democrats have decided to be good and toddle along in the Bryan column. The Ohio Democrats usually do this when there is no chance to do otherwise.

As long as competent and patriotic leadership is unable to secure a following in the Democratic party, the voters will not be disposed to trust that organization with their interests.

Mr. Sulzer announces that, in case he is nominated for the Vice-Presidency, he will immediately take the stump. This should be in the nature of a warning to a political party possessing intelligent leadership.

When several Democrats united in signing a minority report on the shipping bill, in which they favor subsidies aud oppose free ships, as the remedy, the opportunity for making a campaign issue of the shipping question slipped from the grasp of the Democratic party.

The Iowa Democrats, after a stormy debate, refused to put the figures 16 to 1 in their 1900 platform but heartily endorsed the Chicago platform. The Hawkeye Democrats either have not the courage of their convictions or imagine the gold Democrats will take silver quinine in a Chicago capsule.

Hon. E. W. Wilson, West Virginia's former Democratic governor, has written an able paper in favor of the retention of the Philippines. Mr. Wilson contends that he is still a Democrat, but none the less an American. He will have a splendid chance to engage in an argument with the Democratic leaders.

The Democrats in the House Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries have prepared two reports on the shipping bill, one favoring subsidies and opposing free ships, and the other favoring free ships and opposing subsidies—thus are the members of that party divided when it comes to affirmative action.

The Southern Democracy disfranchises the negro, runs jim-crow cars on the railroads, taxes them without giving them representation, lynches those whom it chooses to accuse, without the formality of a trial, and yet holds up its hands in holy horror because they fear the Republicans are going to "oppress" the natives of Porto Rico.

POINTED COMMENT.

There has been no increase in the price of tobacco recently. But there has been in the workingman's wages.

If personal comfort is not paramount to duty Congress will remain in session long enough to pass the shipping bill.

Free Trade Great Britain imports eggs worth $25,000,000 a year. In the United States the protected American hen supplies the market.

Shrewd Republicans in Congress should seize the present division among the Democrats on the shipping bill to put it upon the statute before adjournment.

With a strong nucleus of Democrats in each branch of Congress eager to vote for the shipping bill, it is odd that the Republican leaders are unwilling to bring the bill up for consideration.

Evaporated apples were only worth 5½ cents a pound in the New York market in 1896. Last year, when people could afford to buy them, they were worth 8½ cents.

For the fourth time Hon. J. W. Babcock, of Wisconsin, has been chosen chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee. This is a mark of confidence never before shown to any Republican.

The free trade newspapers here and abroad are embarrassed at finding a formal report opposing free ships and favoring subsidies emanating from Democratic members of the House Merchant Marine and Fisheries Committee.

With Democrats hopelessly split on the shipping bill--some favoring and others opposing it—their party leaders are stopped from making an issue of the shipping question in the coming campaign.

An increase of 7,000,000 tons in the production of coal last year, over 1898, is striking proof of that activity at the furnaces and in the mills which is always a part of the Republican policy of protection.

There was 425,352,187 pounds of bacon exported in 1896 and 562,651,480 pounds in 1899. This was an increase of 137,000,000 pounds in the exports of this one farm product under the Republican policy of protection.

Soap and starch not having advanced in price, there has been no increase in the cost of the farmer's laundry bill. But he has been getting a great deal more money for his hogs, steers and corn than he did a few years ago, and for the materials which enter these very articles.

Porto Rico has been importing $2,000,000 worth of cotton goods every year, but only $275,000 worth from the United States. The new conditions will now give us this trade and so benefit our cotton growers and manufacturers, and incidentally our whole population.

Idaho Republicans favor expansion because they believe that the posession of islands in the Atlantic and in the Pacific will help to extend our commerce and they wish all benefits possible to accrue to the people of the Pacific Coast.

The most forceful argument in the hands of the Democrats this year is "that the Republican Senate will not permit us to destroy the monetary standard and precipitate a panic, and so we ought to be given a chance." The people will not be convinced by an argument of that sort.

The settlement of the "trust" question is not a political one, but it calls for the concerted action and best judgment of all legislators. Whenever a "trust" tends to impair the rights and privileges of citizens, it aims neither at Republicans, Democrats nor Populists, but at all alike. Therefore the representatives of all the people should join hands for the protection of all.

Don't forget this fact during the campaign: Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, offered an amendment to the Porto Rican tariff bill to return the duties on sugar imported from that island "to the persons from whom they were collected." The sugar trust had paid $637,551 of these duties and if the amendment of the Democratic Senator had not been opposed by the Republicans, then he would have caused the return of that sum to the trust.

The Democracy is so devoted to free trade that the small temporary duty imposed on imports from Porto Rico is denounced as a national disgrace. Were that party to gain control of the Government, it would attempt to establish free trade between the United States and Europe, so that everything we bought with the cheap money it promises us would "be made in Germany, England or any other old place" rather than the United States.

Sinnemahoning Liars Club.

The Sinnamahoning Liars' Club hasn't met for two weeks owing to some of our old members taking advantage of the warm weather to wash their feet A secret session was held in Metzger's front yard on Sunday, and the neighbors accused this gentleman of breaking the Sabbath by operating his limburger chees mill, hence the washing bee. A special session is called tor next Saturday night in O. L. Bailey's chicken coop and a hot time is anticipated, as O. L. has been instructing Nathan Silen some two weeks, preparatory to initiation, and as he is exceptionally quick at catching on it is the unanimous opinion that he will make a star member. Bailey visited Benezette last week and reports splended, second growth material in that town for one of most notorious Clubs in existence. Tom Snyder and Norman Johnson will go, at once, to that place and confer the initiatory degree on seventy-nine prominent citizens; Den Taylor for President, and Bill Shultz for Vice-President. They greatly regret that notice could not be sent in time to Detective Sweesey, Sam'l Faucette and Geo. Skinner to assist with this important initiation. Pap Blodget washed his feet and is now prepared to spin some fresh ones. We hope he will salt his feet well so that the flies won't blow them this summer. The Club wishes to meet as far from a brewery as possible which will be agreeable to our Emporium brothers who desire to visit us. Hanscom is bursting to rid himself of a few, but as space is limited this week we will defer procedures until after the next meeting. FIDE.

DEAR EDITOR:—Since mailing you our last report, the following has arrived from our friend H. E. Smith, who is confined in the Williamsport hospital:

Sunday, May 13, 1900.

Well Pap, I am sorry not to see the S. L. C., doing better since I have been injured. As I am unable to attend I will drop a few lines anyhow. You can report my case to the honorable club as getting along fine and I think I will be able to ride the goat yet. I think there is some awful good timber for a club right here, as I can tell you when I get home. One old fellow here told of pine trees in the west reaching to the sky, but still he could knock chestnuts off the top with a buggy whip. I will notify the club when I am coming home and I want a special meeting held in Beldin's chicken coop, for he has some fat fowls and I am in need of plenty of meat. I don't think I could kick over any furniture now as I am fastened to about 3,000 pounds of sand bags. You can inform the people through the PRESS that H. E. Smith who is in the Williamsport hospital, is doing fine and cannot say too much for the institution. All other patients are doing equally as well. I don't see why Otto McCoy's name does not appear in the club a little more for I am sure he deserves it. Well good day, Pap, and hurrah for the S. L. C." HARVE SMITH.

First Fork.

Dr. Bradford, of Austin, was called here to-day on account of the serious illness of Mrs. Goss.

Mrs. Rifle, a sister of Isaac and Martin Bowen is expected here this week to spent the summer with them.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Goss are entertaining a young lady boarder at their house and it weighs 11 pounds.

Spring appears to have stood to one side and let summer step right in, if the hot weather has anything to say.

A big gang of fishermen were down to W. W. Wykoff's on Sunday from Austin, but returned the same evening.

Attorney J. C. Johnson of Emporium and N. N. Metcalf, of Austin, were look-after the "right of way" for the new railroad last Thursday and Friday and got down as far as D. D. Colcord's place. The rest of us expect to be looked at this week.

Mrs. Cathrine M. Wykoff, widow of C. E. Wykoff, died on Sunday afternoon at the home of her son W. W. Wykoff, aged about 80 years. She had been sick a long time. The funeral was held on Tuesday at one o'clock from the Gilmore school house and interment made in the Gilmore cemetery.

W. M. Mayhew, Merton, Wis., says, "I consider One Minute Cough Cure a most wonderful medicine, quick and safe." It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, whooping-cough, pneumonia and all throat and lung diseases. Its early use prevents consumption. Children always like it and mothers endorse it. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Before swimming time is here there may be no swimming fluid.

The ancients believed that rheumatism was the work of a demon within a man. Any one who has had an attack of sciatic or inflammatory rheumatism will agree that the infliction is demoniac enough to warrant the belief. It has never been claimed that Chamberlain's Pain Balm would cast out demons, but it will cure rheumatism, and hundreds bear testimony to the truth of this statement. One application relieves the pain, and this quick relief which it affords is alone worth many times its cost. For sale by L. Taggart. mar

If you want a Tenant.
If you want a Boarder,
If you want to Sell Anything,
If you want to Borrow money,
If you want to Buy Anything,—
Advertise in the PRESS

Notice.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50 cent bottle of Downs' Elixir if it does not cure any cough, cold, croup, whooping cough or throat trouble. We also guarantee Downs' Elixir to cure consumption, when used according to directions, or money back. A full dose on going to bed and small doses during the day will cure the most severe cold, and stop the most distressing cough. For sale by L. Taggart, and R. C. Dodson. 34-24.

Clark is living on hope and postponements.

They omitted resolutions of sympathy with the Sultan.

EXCURSION NOTICES.

Reduced Rates to Philadelphia.

On account of the Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, June 19, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia from all stations on its line AT RATE OF ONE FARE FOR ROUND TRIP (minimum rate 50 cents). Tickets will be sold and good going June 15 to 19, inclusive, and returning to June 26, inclusive. 1598-12-5t

Reduced Rates to Wilkesbarre. Account of Knights Templar of Pennsylvania.

For Parade Day (May 22) of the Knights Templar of Pennsylvania Forty-seventh Annual Conclave, at Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 21 to 23, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell round-trip tickets from all stations in Pennsylvania to Wilkesbarre and return May 21 and 22, limited to return until May 23 inclusive, at rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip (minimum of twenty-five cents). Tickets will not be good for passage on New York and Chicago Limited Express, and are good for continuous passage only in each direction. 1595-12-1t

REDUCED RATES TO WASHINGTON D. C., VIA PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Account Imperial Council, Order of Mystic Shrine.

For the Imperial Council, Order of the Mystic Shrine, at Washington, D. C., May 22-24, the Pennsylvania Railroad will sell tickets to the general public, from all stations on its line, to Washington and return, at rate of one fare for the round trip. Tickets to be sold and good going May 19-21, returning to May 28, inclusive. 1591-11-2t

Through Sleeping Car to Washington, via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the accommodation of persons desiring to visit Washington, D. C., during the Imperial Council of the Order of the Mystic Shrine, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged to run a through sleeping car from Erie to Washington on May 20th and 21st, on train No. 4, leaving Erie at 4:30, arriving at Washington 7:45 a. m. 1594 11-2t

Reduced Rates to North Manchester Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of German Baptist Brethren, at North Manchester, Ind., May 29 to June 8, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will place special excursion tickets on sale May 29 to June 3, 1900, from stations west of Baltimore (not inclusive), and Lancaster and Reading (inclusive), and south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 1, inclusive. 1588-11-2t

Reduced Rates to Camden, Ind., via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For meeting of Old Order of German Baptist Brethren at Camden, Ind., June 3 to 5, 1900, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell, from May 31 to June 3, inclusive, excursion tickets to Camden, Ind., from stations on its line west of Baltimore, Md. (not inclusive), west of and including Lancaster and Reading, and from stations south of and including Sunbury, at rate of one first-class limited fare for the round trip. Tickets will be good returning until July 5, inclusive. 1589-11-2t

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

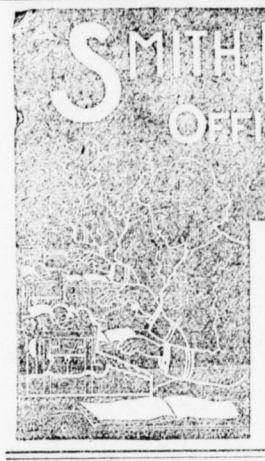
W. H. CRAMER'S
POPULAR VARIETY STORE.
New arrivals in the 1900 styles of
LADIES' TAILOR-MADE SUITS and SKIRTS,
of the newest style and best makes.
LADIES' JACKETS and CAPES.
Ladies' Laundered and Mercerized Shirt waists of newest patterns. Calico and Percal Wrappers. All kind of yard goods, Corsets, Gloves, Hosiery, Notions, Household Furnishing Goods, Silver, China, Glass, Agate, Tin and Crockery Ware. Also a good line of Wall Paper, Window Curtains and Oil Cloth.
W. H. CRAMER.

Dr. Fenner's KIDNEY and Backache Cure.
For all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles, Lame Back, Heart Disease, Skin Disease, Rheumatism, Bed Wetting, etc.
Unfailing in Female Weakness.
By dealers. 50c. size by mail 60c Fredonia, N.Y.
R. C. Dodson, Agent,
35-9ly. Emporium, Pa.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES CONSTIPATION.

Keeley Cure Cures Drunkenness. Cures Drug Users.
Write for free Booklet.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE, 4216 Fifth Ave., PITTSBURG, PA.

THE PRESS IS THE BEST MEDIUM FOR ADVERTISERS IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRICES



If your office is not a Smith Premier office, write for our Illustrated Catalogue, Free.....

has typewriters that mark the very highest point of superiority reached in writing machine mechanism. No other typewriter so thoroughly holds its own, presents so many improvements, shows less effect of wear from constant use or requires so little attention. It is always ready.
THE SMITH PREMIER IS ESPECIALLY ADAPTED TO THE "TOUCH SYSTEM" OF TYPEWRITING.
The Smith Premier Typewriter Co.

The Dear Children!

WHO HAVE BEEN SHUT UP ALL WINTER WILL NOW HAVE THE BENEFIT OF THE FRESH SPRING AIR.

We have just received the finest line of Carriages from the best house in the land—all new and at prices within your reach. Come and take a peep at these goods.

NEW CARPETS AND NEW FURNITURE.

While our delivery wagon has been kept busy filling orders for our customers the railroads keep shipping in the newest styles in Carpets and Furniture. Don't wait until you have cleaned house before you come for that new carpet or furniture—come now and we will be ready for you. Our Carpets are going at our bargain prices. Our prices on furniture are always right.

GEO. J. LaBAR.

Bargains.

ART SQUARES

Will be disposed of at

Cost, for Next

Ten Days.

You are invited to come and see them.

BALCOM & LLOYD

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.

Emporium, Pa., April 5, 1900.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 10
Graham, "	55
Rye "	55
Buckwheat, "	75
Patent Meal, "	45
Coarse Meal, per 100,	1 10
Chop Feed, "	1 10
White Middlings, "	1 10
Bran, "	1 10
Corn, per bushel,	60
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..

Yes, this is the time of year to think of Summer luxuries.

Dodson sells Summer luxuries, such as fine sponges, brushes, rubber bath brushes, toilet powders, bath tablets, soaps, perfumes, &c., &c.

DODSON'S Sarsaparilla is "all right" for a Spring RENOVATOR. Try it.

Pharmacy, Cornor 4th and Chestnut Sts.

R. C. DODSON.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

B. Marzo and wife leave this week for Wisconsin.

Jos. Strayer of Sinnemahoning, was in town last Friday evening.

Mr. Harry Reynolds, of Sizerville, Pa., was a PRESS visitor on Monday.

A. B. Mason and wife, of Coudersport visited in Emporium on Tuesday.

Geo. Crawford circulated among his many Emporium friends the first of the week.

Senator Wade, of Sterling Run, was in town on Wednesday calling on his friends.

William H. Howard and family left on Monday for Atlantic City to spend a few days.

Thos. J. Riley, of Driftwood, transacted business in Emporium on Monday evening.

Mrs. R. P. Heilman spent a few days in Olean, N. Y., this week, returning home to-day.

Mrs. D. B. Peterson, of Cameron, visited friends in Emporium the fore part of this week.

Harry Ness and wife, of Allegheny City, Pa., visited relatives and friends in town over Sunday.

Capt. C. F. Barclay, of Sinnamahoning, made a business trip to Emporium on Tuesday evening.

"Gov." Jas. Patterson has arrived in town and and is prepared to pulverize "my friends the enemy.

Lindley Beattie feels six inches taller over the arrival of that big boy at his home on Sunday evening.

Geo. Howard died just ten years ago to-day. His father C. B. Howard, died nine years ago next Saturday.

Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Baker contemplate a visit to Chicago and other western points, in the near future.

Thos. L. McKean, of Wilcox, the road scraper agent, was transacting business in Emporium last Monday.

D. R Fullerton, ex-Recorder of Clearfield county, transacted business in Emporium Monday and Tuesday.

Attorney C. W. Shaffer, Mr. Josiah Howard and Mr. Joseph Kaye transacted business at Ridgway on Monday.

County Commissioner A. M. Boardman and wife of Smethport, stopped in town on Monday while enroute for the east.

John A. Leo, of Cleveland, Ohio, transacted business in Emporium on Tuesday and shook hands with his many friends.

Dr. C. L. Felt, of Philadelphia, has been spending a few days with his parents at this place, and shaking hands with old-time friends.

Mrs. John Gleason and daughter, of Driftwood, returned last evening from visiting at Buffalo and Batavia, N. Y. Mr. Gleason met them at Emporium.

Rev. Dr. Cook, of Port Allegany was guest of Rev. Mr. Robertson Monday evening. They both left on Tuesday for Pittsburg to attend the church convention.

Frank G. Hoag, of Sterling Run, was in town yesterday.

Misses Jennie and May Gould returned from Buffalo last evening.

Supt. Brady visited his family at Lebanon on Saturday and Sunday.

Geo. B. Barclay, of Sinnamahoning, visited in Emporium Tuesday evening.

J. W. Clarke and family are now located in Odd Fellows Block, first floor.

Edwin Clarke returned to Reading after a few months visit in Emporium.

B. W. Green, Esq., has been spending a few days at his Tioga county farm.

Ed. Avery, of Ridgway, was calling on his customers in town on Wednesday.

Mrs. James Pierce, of East Ward, is preparing to vist her friends in Germany.

Miss Sadie Robison, of West Fifth street, has been quite ill the past four weeks.

A large number of Shriners will go from this county to Washington next Sunday.

Martin Foster, one of the foremen at the Furnace, is in Kentuckey on a tour of observation.

Miss Maud Steck returned Tuesday from Williamsport, where she visited friends for several days.

Bert Slocum had the misfortune to severely cut his hand while slicing dried beef, last Tuesday.

Mr. Edwin Cook has returned to Emporium and now greets the public as clerk at the Warner House.

Dr. C. L. Felt came up from Philadelphia to attend the funeral of his old class-mate, Dr. Furst, at Lock Haven.

R. C. Dodson enjoyed a day's outing last week looking for "speckled beauties," and had quite good luck.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Julian have returned from Ashland where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Julian's mother.

Chas. Logan, accompanied by his sister Miss Mamie, were spending a few days on First Fork, after the speckled beauties.

Mrs. Julia Ansbach, of Molone, N. Y., stopped in Emporium yesterday en route for Medix Run, where her son is employed.

H. W. Graham has returned to Emporium and taken charge of his barber shop. He is satisfied Emporium is as good as the best.

Arch Andrews says he don't like a bicycle and never did care a cent for one. When Emporium paves its streets he will enjoy one—not until then.

Mrs. I. K. Hockley is visiting her mother at Williamsport, who celebrates her 85th anniversary to-day. Mr. Logan will go to Williamsport on Saturday.

C. G. Schmidt has treated his friends royally this week over the new arrival at his establishment. Of course he is a little modest and must be pressed to show up.

Messrs. B. W. Green and Geo. A. Walker, two of Emporium's best citizens and best business men, were transacting business in town on Tuesday.—St. Marys Gazette.

Blum says he and Davison caught so many trout the other day, that they were unable to eat them all, and threw away a good mess. Mike Dolan says they had, all told, just fifteen.

In a letter received last week, from Ray White, who is now located at Portland, Ore., he says his party arrived O.K. and they had a very delightful trip across the continent. He likes the country very much.

Messrs. A. C. Blum and E. C. Davison went to Hicks Run on Tuesday expecting to get a good catch of trout. Until the practice of dynamiting the streams is stopped, our trout fishing will not amount to much.

Mrs. Corrigan was in Emporium on Monday.....James Law, of Emporium, was in town on Monday. ...Miss Golda Lyons and Byrde O'Byrn, of Emporium were the guests of Miss Agnes Hutchins over Sunday.—Austin Autograph.

Miss Rena Fetter, who has been in a hospital at Philadelphia for several months, returned home, and although she is instructed to use crutches for six months she has been assured by her physician that she will be entirely cured of her lameness.

Last Saturday evening Chas. Seger purchased a handsome bicycle for his son Harold and has since had troubles of his own, frequently applying the liniment. He is now in trim to train any applicants who may apply, and will be very much pleased to have you call.

J. S. Wheeler of Emporium was in town Wednesday.....Legrand Wykoff, of Sinnemahoning, was one of the Hotel Goodyear guests on Tuesday. ....Elon Coy, who was cracked on the head with a hoe in the hands of his son, is still in the hospital and is in a critical condition.—Austin Republican.

Judge Mayer has appointed H. L. Baird, of Ridgway, district attorney of Elk county, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of E. J. Wimmer. Mr. Baird is a Cameron county boy, being a son of our esteemed citizen Hon. D. P. Baird, of Sinnemahoning.

Father Zubryski, of Adrian, Pa., was guest of Father Downey yesterday.

B. E. Smith, of Sterling Run, is transacting business in town to-day.

D. J. Mulcahey, of Ellwood City, is visiting his parents in Emporium and renewing old acquaintances.

J. S. Douglas, of Olean, has been in town a few days, and put in some good licks pulling out speckled beauties.

J. V. Brown, of Duke Centre, was guest of Hon. J. C. Johnson last Sunday. Mr. Brown served in Capt. Johnson's company during the rebellion and delights to stop in Emporium to visit his old commander.

Frank McCabe, the auburn haired pill roller in R.C. Dodson's drug store, has gone to Cattaraugus, N. Y., to get acquainted with the noble red man and incidentally to visit his uncle. When he returns he expects to place upon the market the greatest Indian Blood Remedy ever discovered.

Rev. F. H. Rossiter, of New York City, visited Rev. Metzler over Sunday last, and preached in the morning at the Presbyterian church and in the evening at M. E. church. Mr. Rossiter is a very able preacher, and his two sermons were highly appreciated by our people. He will occupy the pulpit next Sunday in the Presbyterian church.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. McKean, of this borough, showed themselves to be good Samaritans Tuesday night. This generous couple housed and fed fifteen of the unfortunates who lost their all at Newton, Tuesday afternoon. Mrs. McKean went to Newton in the afternoon, arriving there shortly after the fire had swept the settlement out of existence, and invited the terror stricken sufferers to her home in this borough, and fifteen women and children accepted the invitation of this nobel hearted woman and accompanher to this borough.—Smethport Democrat. Just like our great hearted friends. It is just such kind acts that makes Mr. McKean so popular in McKean. While suffering probably more than any of the unfortunates he forgets his own misfortune and thinks of his friends. That's the kind of a gentleman who will represent our district in the Republican National convention.

A Fine Residence.

Contractor Kriner has a crew of men at work on the rebuilding of Dr. R. P. Heilman's residence. The roof has been changed to a half pitch and a tower is added to the structure, making a vestibule entrance. When completed it will be very handsome, commodious and convenient. We congratulate the doctor on his progressiveness and idea of architecture. He has proven himself a success as a woodworking surgeon as well as surgical operations on the human physique.

Memorial Day.

Headquarters Lieut. D. W. Taggart Post, No. 241, Dept. Pa., G. A. R.

COMRADES:—In accordance with National Department orders, we are reminded that some of our numbers have answered the last roll call since we last met and have gone to increase the number of Grand Army beyond the river of death; and as in the past we must attend to the duties we owe to those who have answered the summons of death to perpetuate their memory by strewing fresh flowers on their graves and place the flag thereon, which they so nobly helped to defend. Therefore, the following committees were appointed to attend to that duty in their several localities on Wednesday, May 30, 1900:

Sinnemahoning—G. B. Barclay, J. R. Bachelder.
First Fork—J. A. Wykoff, D. D. Colcord.
Driftwood—J. O. Brookbank, Hugh Coleman.
Huntley—J. L. Johnson.
Sterling Run—Joseph Kissel, John Pepper.
Cameron—Matthew Phoenix, Albert Lord.
Sizerville—John Wygant, Carl Zimmers.
Emporium—Full delegation of comrades.
Rich Valley—John Adams, Jesse Swan.
Beechwood—Samuel Sanford, Ed. Cote.
West Creek and Buckwalter—Sylvester Beldin, H. P. Spence.

On Sunday, May 27, religious services will be held at Emporium as follows:

At St. Marks Catholic church at 11 a. m., or immediately after arrival of the 10:25 train. Sermon by Rev. Father Downey.

At 7:30, p. m, at the Episcopal church. Sermon by Rev. J. M. Robertson.

All old soldiers are welcome, whether members of the G. A. R. or not.

ALMERON CHAPMAN,
Commander.

The Philadelphia Press, in refering to the sale of the Blossburg Oil Co.'s holdings in the Gaines field, says: "Sixteen citizens of Blossburg did well in oil. They invested $500 each in the company that recently struck a gusher in the Gaines field, and for the past few weeks the production has been netting the respective stockholders $195 per day. The sale of the property to the Standard Oil Company for $500,000 gives each of the sixteen $31,250, in addition to what they already realized. Such luck would put an ordinary man in good humor." State Senator, Hon. Walter T. Merrick, is one of the sixteen.

We call attention to the new "ad" in this issue of that popular store near the P. & E. depot, so successfully conducted by that bright and energetic little gentleman, Jos. Kinzler. He is always up-to-date and cheerfully attends to all orders. He is O. K. and keeps a fine line of goods.

Dr. F. C. Rieck has purchased the W. C. Clarke residence from Mr. E. G. Coleman and has contracted to move the same to his Fifth street lot, next to J. R. Hamilton.

Two Representative Citizens.

The Elmira Gazette recently published an edition in which the representative, professional and business men of Northern Pennaylvania were favorably mentioned. The following refers to two of Cameron county's citizens:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, T. B. LLOYD, CASHIER.

This institution was established in 1884 as a national bank. The present officers are: George A. Walker, president; William Howard, of Williamsport, vice-president; T. B. Lloyd, cashier; W. S. Walker, assistant cashier. The directors are: B. W. Green, J. P. Felt, Josiah Howard, N. Seger, W. S. Walker, George A. Walker, J. E. Smith, W. L. Sykes and William Howard. The institution has a capital of $50,000, the surplus is $35,000 and the deposits run up to $175,000. Mr. T. B. Lloyd, the new cashier, was born in Columbia, Lancaster county, Pa., in 1858, and is a son of W. F. Lloyd, now a well known business man of Emporium. After receiving his education in the public schools of Emporium, Mr. Lloyd learned the jewelry business in that place, being engaged in it from 1875 to 1877. In 1878 he met with a serious accident which somewhat changed his business plans. In 1879 he was made deputy prothonotary, register and recorder of Cameron county and served four years under J. W. Frank, the prothonotary. In January, 1883, he was elected to the office of prothonotary, register and recorder. He was re-elected four times, serving in all sixteen years. His fitness for the office and faithful discharge of duty was so appreciated that he was elected continuously without any opposition, a remarkable fact in political annals. He then became teller in the First National Bank of Emporium and filled the position for five years. On the 9th day of January, 1900, he was elected cashier of the bank.

The directors of the bank contemplate in the near future to construct an addition to the rear of the bank, giving more ample facilities. Mr. Lloyd is superintendent of the M. E. Sunday school, having filled that office for eight years. He has one of the most successful Sunday schools in western Pennsylvania. For ten years past Mr. Lloyd has been secretary of the Emporium Board of Trade, and since 1888 has been voluntary observer for the Pennsylvania state weather bureau. In 1882 he married Miss Mary Budding; he has five children. Mr. Lloyd is a gentleman of high reputation as a citizen and business man, and as cashier of the First National Bank will find in the future a still wider scope for his business ability.

***

C. M. THOMAS, ESQ., COUNTY TREASURER.

In the grand old state of Maine the subject of this reference was born at Presque Isle in 1851. His ancestors were partly of Scotch and partly of Welsh extraction. His father was L. J. Thomas, a farmer by occupation. After receiving an academic education in his native town, Mr. Thomas engaged in lumber operations, which has since been the business of his life. He came into Pennsylvania in 1872 and worked by the month in the woods for about a year; going to North Bend he was employed by a lumber firm for two years. He then went to Driftwood, where he spent five years, being part of the time a member of the firm of Longley & Thomas; then for sixteen years he was identified with the lumber operations of F. H. and C. W. Goodyear in Potter county. Just now he is engaged in lumber operations at Ligonier, Westmoreland county. Mr. Thomas is a gentleman thoroughly posted in lumber operations and is a man of high standing in business. In politics he is a Republican and has served as a member of the Emporium council. Two years ago he was elected treasurer of Cameron county and has since so served, discharging the duties of the office in his usual business-like manner. Mr. Thomas makes a capable public officer. He is assisted by Mr. F. S. Coppersmith, his deputy, also an excellent business man. Mr. Thomas is married and has four children.

It Is True.

An exchange hits the nail squarely on the head in the following: It's mighty queer how people will rear up on their hind feet and paw the air when some item of news happens to be a little off in facts, yet these same people would not tell you the item if asked for it before the paper was printed. There are some people from whom you could not draw a local with a corkscrew—they absolutely don't know any news. But after the paper comes out, they will say you were misinformed about some local happening and wonder why you can't get things straight.

I consider it not only a pleasure but a duty I owe to my neighbors to tell about the wonderful cure effected in my case by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. I was taken very badly with flux and procured a bottle of this remedy. A few doses of it effected a permanent cure. I take pleasure in recommending it to others suffering from that dreadful disease.—J. W. LYNCH, Dorr, W., Va. This remedy is sold by L. Taggart. mar

According to the plans and expectations of the Republican managers, congress is to adjourn on Monday, June 11, eight days before the Philadelphia convention.

ALL THE DELICACIES OF THE SEASON. DAY'S CHOICE MEATS. PROMPT SERVICE.
Emporium's Pure Food Store.

Whoever the Customer Is,

"Royal" Blend, the Height of Perfection in Blended Coffee, 35c lb., 3lb. for $1.

Ceylon-India Tea. Double Strength. Unique in Style of Fragrance. 75c lb.

He gets careful attention in our store. We believe in being as polite and obliging as the dry goods merchant. No need of being afraid to send a child, only send a note, and they will have as careful attention as if it were yourself. Our goods are always what we represent them. This week we make you the following low prices on fancy groceries:

CLAM BOUILLON—Highly concentrated, 20c per bottle.

GENUINE IMPORTED MACCARONI—"Calve" brand, 12c lb. package. Regular, 15 cents.

COCOA—Walter Baker & Co., genuine 25c, half lb. tin. Regular, 28c.

QUEEN OLIVES—Extra superior. The very largest and finest in stock, 20 oz. bottle, 45c. Regular, 50c.

TOMATO KETCHUP—Heinze's Best, needs no recommendation from us. 20 oz bottle, 22c. Regular, 25c.

PRATT'S POTLTRY AND STOCK FOOD always in stock. It is profitable to feed for IT PUTS ALL ANIMALS IN ROBUST Health.

☞Leave your orders for TOMATO PLANTS. Taken direct from beds, 20 cents per dozen.

Telephone 6, Fourth St. J. H. DAY.

THE
New Furniture Store

is so popular now that it is a household word in every home in this county.

Every day it advances. Every day it becomes better. Pushing ahead—Progressing with astonishing rapidity. Indisputable proof that the IMMENSITY and VARIETY of our stock together with our LOW PRICES, are attracting more attention than ever. *Every department bears unmistakable evidence that we are selling cheaper than any other house.* It will pay you to learn OUR PRICES before making purchases elsewhere. . . . . .

Cheapest. ☞ to ☜ Medium.		Cheapest ☞ to ☜ Medium.	
$12.00—Bed Room Suite, oak,—	$60	$5.00 Dining Tables, (extension)	$25
15.00.....Parlor Suite,.....	75	1.00 each, .. Dining Chairs,...	3.00
1.50.....Rockers, ...	15	19.00 .....Side Boards.....	40.00
7.00..... Chiffoniers,.....	15	.25.....Mirrors, ...	8.00
6 50.... ....Couches,.....	35	2.50... .... Mattresses,.....	12.00

BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS.

Every baby in this town should ride in a carriage, even if some have to walk a little later on in life. Our line of handsome buggies is most extensive, comprising all the newest and BEST shapes the market affords, with all the LATEST improvements for service and comfort.

Scientific Embalming! Funeral Directing!!

Remember the place, next door to Odd Fellows Block.

RESIDENCE UP STAIRS. *OPEN ALL NIGHT.*

THE EMPORIUM FURNITURE COMPANY,
BERNARD EGAN, Manager,
EMPORIUM. - - - PA.

The Tallest Mercantile Building in the World, Owned and Occupied Exclusively By Us.

Wholesale Prices to Users.

Our General Catalogue quotes them. Send 15c to partly pay postage or expressage and we'll send you one. It has 1100 pages, 17,000 illustrations and quotes prices on nearly 70,000 things that you eat and use and wear. We constantly carry in stock all articles quoted.

MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.,
Michigan Av. & Madison St., Chicago.

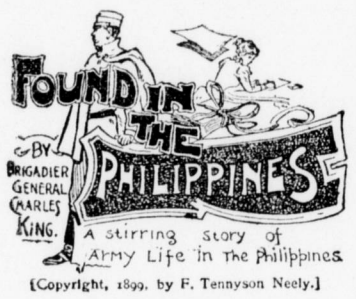
LULLABY LAND

A ship is sailing for Lullaby Land;
And what may the cargo be?
A woolly dog and a china cat,
A trumpet of tin and an old torn hat,
Are ready to go to sea.

For Lullaby Land her sails are set—
(O pray ye the winds be true!)
She will gently glide across the sea of Dreams,
'Mid the moonbeams bright and the starlight gleams,
'Neath the skies of sapphire hue.

Now "All aboard for Lullaby Land!"
(One tiny traveler to go)—
The woolly dog and the trumpet of tin,
Two chubby hands have folded within,
While a golden head droops low.

Far Lullaby Land is reached at last;
The captain's duty is done—
By her sweet low voice, and her face so fair,
She has sailed the ship—the rocking chair—
To the Land of the Setting Sun.
—Lena S. Thompson, in Good Housekeeping.



[Copyright, 1899, by F. Tennyson Neely.]

CHAPTER IX.—CONTINUED.

And so began the second period of Gouverneur Prime's thralldom. A young civilian at the Point has few opportunities at any time, but when the lady of his love is a belle in the corps, he would much better take a long ocean voyage than be where he could hear and see, and live in daily torment. One comfort came to him when he could not be with Mrs. Garrison (who naively explained that "Gov" was such a dear boy and they were such stanch friends, real comrades, you know). He had early made the acquaintance of Pat Latrobe, and there was a bond of sympathy between them which was none the less strong because, on Prime's side, it could neither be admitted nor alluded to—that they were desperately in love with the sisters, and it was not long before it began to dawn on Prime that pretty Nita was playing a double game—that even while assuring her guardian sister that she had only a mild interest in Latrobe, she was really losing or had lost her heart to him, and in every way in her power was striving to conceal the fact from Margaret, and yet meet her lover at hours when she thought it possible to do so without discovery. As the friendship strengthened between himself and Latrobe they began using him as Cupid's postman, and many little notes and some big ones found their way to and from the Fourth division of cadet barracks. Mrs. Frank was only moderately kind to her civilian adorer then, granting him only one dance at each hop, and going much with other men, but that dance was worth seeing. Prime's was the only black "claw-hammer" in the room, and therefore conspicuous, and cadets—who know a good thing when they see it—and many a pretty girl partner would draw aside to watch the perfection of their step and the exquisite ease with which they seemed to float through space, circling and reversing and winding among the other dancers, he ever alert, watchful, quick as a cat and lithe and strong as a panther—she all yielding, lissome, airy grace. That dance was "Gov" Prime's reward, and almost only reward, for hours of impatient waiting. Other women, charming and pretty and better women, would gladly have been his partners. Some two or three whom he met at the hotel even intimated as much. But not until Lady Garrison told him he must—to protect her from scandal—did he ask another to dance. At last came the end of the summer's encampment, the return of the corps to barracks and studies, one blissful week in which he was enabled to spend several uninterrupted hours each day at her side, and then a cataclysm. A letter intended only for Nita's hands fell into those of her sister. It was bulky. It was from Latrobe. She hesitated only a moment, then, with determination in her eyes, opened and read—all. Two days after Nita was whisked away to New York, and within another week, leaving two most disconsolate swains on the Hudson, the sisters, one of them bathed in tears, went spinning away to the west, where Frank Garrison was on duty at department headquarters. Prime was permitted to write once a fortnight (he sent a volume), and Latrobe forbidden, but already the poor boy owned a thick packet of precious missives, all breathing fond love and promising utter constancy though she had to wait for him for years. For a month Nita would hardly speak to her sister, but in October there were lovely drives, picnics and gayeties of all kinds. There were attractive young officers and assiduous old ones, and among these latter was Frost, with his handsome gray mustache and distinguished bearing, and that air of conscious success and possession which some men know so well how to assume even when their chances are slimmer than my lady's hand. The sisterly breach was healed before that beautiful month was over. Frost dined at the Garrisons' four times a week and drove Miss Nita behind his handsome bays every day or two. In November he asked a question. In December there was an announcement that called forth a score of congratulations around headquarters, and in January the wedding cards went all over the union—some to West Point, but to Latrobe, who had been looking ill and anxious for six weeks, said his classmates, and falling off fearfully in his studies, said his professors, only a brief note inclosing his letters and begging for hers. At reveille next morning there was no captain to receive the report of roll call from the first sergeant of company B. "Where's Latrobe?" sleepily asked the officer of the day of the cadet first lieutenant. "I dn' know," was the answer, and to the amaze of Latrobe's roommate, who had gone to bed and to sleep right after taps the night before, they found evidence that "Pat" had left the post. He had not even made down his bedding. His cadet uniforms were all there, but a suit of civilian clothes, usually in a snug package up the chimney, that had been used several times "running it" to the hotel after taps in August, was now, like its owner, missing. After three days' waiting and fruitless search, the superintendent wired Latrobe's uncle and best friend, old Gen. Drayton, and that was the last seen or heard of "Pat." In the spring and ahead of time his class was graduated without him, for the war with Spain was on. In the spring an irate and long-tried father was upbraiding another only son for persistent failures at college. "'Gov' Prime will get the sack, not the sheepskin," prophesied his fellows. And then somehow, somewhere the father heard it was a married woman with whom his boy was so deeply in love, and there were bitter, bitter words on both sides—so bitter that when at last he flung himself out of his father's study "Gov" Prime went straight to Mildred's room, silently kissed her and walked out of the house. This was in April. The next heard of him he had enlisted for the war and was gone to San Francisco with his regiment with the prospect of service in the Philippines ahead of him, but that was full four months after his disappearance. Thither, late in July, the father followed, bringing Mildred with him and—the reader knows the rest.

CHAPTER X.

One of Col. Frost's consuming ambitions was to be the head of his department, with the rank of brigadier general, but he had strong rivals and knew it. Wealth he had in abundance. It was rank and power that he craved. Four men—all with better war records and more experience—stood between him and that coveted star, and two of the four were popular and beloved men. Frost was cold, selfish, intensely self-willed, indomitably persevering, and though "close-fisted," to the scale of a Scotch landlord as a rule, he would loose his purse strings and pay well for services he considered essential. When Frost had a consuming desire he let no money consideration stand in the way, and for Nita Terriss he stood ready to spend a small fortune. Everybody knew Mrs. Frank Garrison could never dress and adorn herself as she did on poor Frank Garrison's pay, and when she appeared with a dazzling necklace and a superb new gown at the garrison ball not long after Frost and his shrinking bride left for their honeymoon, people looked at her and then at each other. Nita Terriss was sold to "Jack" Frost, was the verdict, and her shrewd elder sister was the dealer. Mrs. Frank knew what people were thinking and saying just as well as though they had said it to her, yet smiled sweetness and bliss on every side. Frankly she looked up into the faces of her sisters in arms: "I know you like my necklace. Isn't it lovely? Col. Frost's wedding present, you know. He said I shouldn't give Nita away without some recompense, and this is it."

But that could have been only a part of it, said the garrison. An honorarium in solid cash, it was believed, was far the greater portion of the consideration which the elder sister accepted for having successfully borne Nita away from the dangers and fascinations of the Point—having guarded her, drooping and languid, against the advance of good looking soldier lads at headquarters, and finally having, by dint of hours of argument, persuasion and skill, delivered her into the arms of the elderly but well preserved groom. All he demanded to know was that she was fancy free—that there was no previous attachment, and on this point Mrs. Frank had solemnly averred there was none. The child had had a foolish fancy for a cadet beau, but it amounted to absolutely nothing. There had been no vows, no pledge, no promise of any kind, and she was actually free as air. So Frost was satisfied.

They made an odd looking pair. Frost was bony built but sturdy, and Nita seemed like a fairy, indeed as unsubstantial as a wisp of vapor, as she came down the aisle on his arm. They were so far to the south on this honeymoon trip as almost to feel the shock and concussion when the Maine was blown to a mass of wreckage. They were in Washington when the congress demanded full satisfaction of Spain, and Col. Frost was told his leave was cut short—that he must return to his station at once. Going first to the Arlington and hurriedly entering the room, he almost stumbled over the body of his wife, lying close to the door in a swoon from which it took some time and the efforts of the house physician and the maids to restore her. Questioned later as to the cause she wept hysterically and wrung her hands. She didn't know. She had gone to the door to answer a knock, and got dizzy and remembered nothing more. What became of the knocker? She didn't know. Frost inquired at the office. A bellboy was found who said he had taken up a card in an envelope given him by a young feller who "seemed kind o' sick. Mrs. Frost took it and flopped," and a chambermaid ran in to her, and then hurried for the doctor. "What became of the letter or note or card?" asked Frost, with suspicion of jealousy in his heart. Two women, mistress and maid, and the bellboy swore they didn't know, but the maid did know. With the quick intuition of her sex and class she had seen that there was or had been a young lover, and sympathy for Nita and a dislike for Frost, who gave no tips, prompted her to hide it until she could slip it safely into Nita's hand, Nita who read, shuddered, tore it into minute scraps, and wept more, face downward, on the bed. They had reached their winter station before the cable flashed the stirring tidings of Dewey's great victory in Manila bay, and within half a week came telegraphic orders for Col. Frost to proceed at once to San Francisco, there to await instructions. The first expedition was organizing when he arrived, his pallid little wife by his side, and there were his instructions to proceed to Manila as chief of his department—an independent position, and yet it was a horrid blow. But there was no recourse. Nita begged that she might stay with her sister. She could not bear the idea of going. Frost knew that no women could accompany the expedition, and, shipping his chest and desks by the transport, he had secured passage for himself and wife to Hong-Kong on one of the splendid steamers of the English line from Vancouver, and so informed her. It dashed Nita's last hope. They were occupying fine rooms at the Palace hotel. The city was thronged with officers and rapidly arriving troops. Other army women, eager to accompany their husbands, were railing at the fate that separated them, and Nita had been forced to conceal the joy with which she heard their lamentations. But she had yet to learn how exacting Frost could be. It had never occurred to her that he could obtain permission to go except by transport. It had not seemed possible that he would take her with him. "You should have known," said he, "that even if I had had to go by transport, you would have gone by the Empress of India. It is only 60 hours from Manila to Hong-Kong, and I could have joined you soon after your arrival. As it is I shall see you safely established there—I have letters to certain prominent English people—then shall go over to join the fleet when it arrives in Manila bay."

That night she wrote long and desperately to Margaret. "He swore he would follow me wherever we went until I granted him the interview. You know how he dogged me in Washington, followed me to Denver, and any moment he may address me here. F. will not let me return to you. He insists on my going to Hong-Kong, where he can occasionally join me. But Rollin holds those letters over me like a whip, and declares that he will give them into Frost's hands unless I see him whenever he presents himself. You made me swear to Frost I never cared a straw for my darling that was. O God, how I loved him! and if these letters ever

"Oh Rollin," she cried, "I dare not."

reach the man to whom you have sold me, he would treat me as he would a dog, even if he doesn't kill me. Meg—Meg—you must help me, for I live in terror."

And that she lived in terror was true, some women were quick to see. Never would she go anywhere, even along the corridor, alone. If the colonel could not come to luncheon she was served in their rooms. If she had to go calling or shopping it was in a carriage and always with some army woman whom she could persuade to go with her.

One day, just before their intended departure, she drove out paying parting calls. It was quite late when the carriage drew up at the Market street entrance, the nearest to their elevator. The door boy sprang across the sidewalk to open the carriage, and as she stepped wearily out a tall young man, erect and slender, dressed in a dark traveling suit, fairly confronted her, raised his derby and said: "You can give me ten minutes now, Mrs. Frost. Be good enough to take my arm."

Bowing her head she strove to dodge by, but it was useless. Again he confronted her. Piteously she looked up in his pale, stern face and clasped her hands. "Oh, Rollin," she cried, "give me my letters. I dare not—see you. Have mercy—" and down again she went in a senseless heap upon the stone. Col. and Mrs. Frost did not sail with the Empress of India. Brain fever set in and for three weeks the patient never left the hotel. Frost made his wife's dangerous illness the basis of an application to be relieved from the Manila detail, but, knowing well it would be late summer before the troops could be assembled there in sufficient force to occupy the city, and that his clerks and books had gone by transport with the second expedition in June, the war department compromised on a permission to delay. By the time the fourth expedition was ready to start there was no further excuse; moreover, the doctors declared the sea voyage was just what Mrs. Frost needed, and again their stateroom was engaged by the Empress line, and, though weak and languid, Mrs. Frost was able to appear in the diningroom. Meanwhile a vast amount of work was saddled on the department to which Frost was attached, and daily he was called upon to aid the local officials or be in consultation with the commanding general. This would have left Mrs. Frost to the ministrations of her nurse alone, but for the loving kindness of army women in the hotel. They hovered about her room, taking turns in spending the afternoon with her, or the evening, for it was speedily apparent that she had a nervous dread of being left by herself, "or even with her husband," said the most observing. Already it had been whispered that despite his assiduous care and devotion during her illness, something serious was amiss. Everybody had heard of the adventure which had preceded her alarming illness. Everybody knew that she had been accosted and confronted by a strange young man, at sight of whom she had pleaded piteously a minute and then fainted dead away. By this time, too, there were or had been nearly a dozen of the graduating class in town—classmates of Rollin Latrobe—their much loved "Pat," and speedily the story was told of his devotion to her when she was Nita Terriss, of their correspondence, of their engagement to be married on his graduation, which in strict confidence he had imparted to his roommate, who kept it inviolate until after her sudden union with Col. Frost, and poor "Pat's" equally sudden disappearance. Everybody, Frost included, knew that the young man who had accosted her must be Latrobe, and Frost by this time knew that it must have been he who caused her shock at the Arlington. He raged in his jealous heart. He employed detectives to find the fellow, swearing he would have him arrested. He became morose and gloomy, for all the arts by which Mrs. Garrison persuaded him that Nita looked up to him with admiration and reverence, that would speedily develop into wifely love, were now proved to be machinations. He knew that Nita feared him, shrank from him and was very far from loving him, and he believed that despite her denials and tears and protestations she loved young Latrobe. He wrote angrily, reproachfully to Margaret, who, now that her fish was hooked, did not greatly exert herself to soothe or reassure him. That he could ever use violence to one so sweet and fragile as Nita she would not believe for an instant. Then the nurse, still retained, heard bitter words from the colonel as one morning she came to the door with Mrs. Frost's breakfast, and while she paused, uncertain about entering at such a time, he rushed angrily forth and nearly collided with her. Mrs. Frost was in tears when the nurse finally entered, and the breakfast was left untouched.

[To Be Continued.]

ONE ON THE BISHOP.

The Eminent Divine Had Unwittingly Exchanged Grips with a Bridegroom.

Bishop Huntington, of Syracuse, told this story on himself during one of his last visits to Washington. The good bishop, it seems, once went down to a town in Connecticut to perform a marriage ceremony. He arrived the day before the wedding, and he left at the same time the bridal pair did, although he was driven to a different railway station. As he passed through the station, carrying his traveling bag, he was aware that he was creating a sensation, but was totally at a loss to account for it. In the car he found that he was still the object of amused attention. The porter positively snickered as he passed his seat, and finally, just as the train drew out, he came up and assisted the churchman to remove his overcoat.

"What is the matter with you, my man?" asked the bishop. The porter's snicker broadened into a laugh.

"Ain't you done lef' the lady, sah?" he chuckled.

"Eh?" exclaimed the bishop in surprise. Then his eye fell on the side of his traveling bag, which the porter had just turned round. There glued to it was a wide strip of white satin ribbon, on which was painted in large letters: "Married this morning."

The facetiously-minded best man had mistaken the bishop's traveling bag for that of the bridegroom, and a chuckling black porter worked late into the night removing the ribbon.—Albany Journal.

Quickly Settled.

The mayor of a western city is said to have a neat and expeditious method of attending to complaints, which is leading to a wholesome regard to the laws of health and cleanliness among his people. A marketman was brought before him under a charge of depositing filth in the city streets. The man pleaded "Not guilty," upon which the following dialogue took place between the mayor and the chief witness for the prosecution:

"Officer, what did the defendant do?" asked the mayor.

"Threw rotten eggs into the street, your honor."

"How many did you see him throw into the street?"

"One, your honor."

"If he'd had 200 would he have thrown them into the street?"

"I think he would, your honor."

"That shows the intent to violate the ordinance," said the mayor, briskly. "Ten dollars and costs."—Youth's Companion.

Bobby's Choice.

Of a Brooklyn mother, whose grown-up sons declare that she wants to "boss" them just as if they were children—although she vows she merely wishes to advise and guide them, this story is told: At dinner the other day a large meat pie and a small roast duck were brought on together. The duck was intended for the father principally. The boys were fond of duck, their mother well knew, but it would not make a mouthful apiece for them; so, addressing the boy who sat nearest her, she said: "Which will you have, Bobby, duck or pie?" "Duck!" said Bobby, promptly. "No, Bobby," answered his mother, cheerfully. "You can't have duck, dear. Take your choice, my son, take your choice—but you can't have duck!"—N. Y. Tribune.

No Landlords in This Town.

Rented houses are unknown in Jetmore, Kan. Every house is occupied by its owner. The town has about ' inhabitants.

A LITTLE NONSENSE.

"What is tobacco heart, Harvey?" "O, is a heart disease which women get who continually agitate themselves by nagging their husbands for smoking."—Indianapolis Journal.

Cholley Buoy—"Do you think anything serious will happen, doctor, if I keep on smoking cigarettes?" Dr. Smarte—"O, dear, no. It's only likely to kill you, you know."—Boston Transcript.

Bill—"I hear my neighbor has brought 10,000 cigarettes." Jill—"What for?" "He heard that tobacco would kill the bugs on the plants in his garden, and, of course, he thought the tobacco in cigarettes the most deadly."—Yonkers Statesman.

Doctor—"Mr. Tompkins, you ought to take something for that cough." Mr. Tompkins—"Yes, I suppose so; but I can't do it, doctor, unless you write me a prescription that won't cost more than a nickel."—Indianapolis Journal.

Trick Trigger Sam—"Be you a doctor?" Tourist—"Yes. Need me?" Trick Trigger Sam—"Wal, not exactly; but es we're goin' t' hang one o' these here rubbernecks, I thought mebbe you'd like t' see how fur his neck ud stretch afore crackin'."—Ohio State Journal.

Slopay—"I don't seem to get any better, doctor." Dr. Krafts—"You work too much, that's what's the matter." Slopay—"O! I don't think I do." Dr. Kraft—"Ah! but I think you do. Now there's that last year's bill of mine. Don't you think you'd feel better if you had that off your mind?"—Philadelphia Press.

"Do you make much out of your apples?" asked the visitor. "O, pretty considerable," answered the farmer, "but I've got a son up in the town who makes more out of the apples in a month than I make the whole season." "A farmer, is he?" "No; he's a doctor. I'm talking about green apples now."—San Francisco Examiner.

FROM RING TO RANKS.

A United States Army Officer Who Once Fought a Victorious Prize Fight.

They used to call him "Big Foot" when he was a student in Washington and Lee university, Lexington, Va. He is a first lieutenant in the regular army, and stationed in Chicago now. He had two brothers and a cousin at school with him, and the students called them "Little Foot," "Play Foot" and "Two Sticks." "Two Sticks" was so called because he was a cripple and used crutches, says the Kansas City Star.

"Big Foot" was a strapping fellow with dark hair and eyes, and skin as soft and pink as an infant's. He was an athlete of magnificent build, straight and strong and tall. Everyone liked "Big Foot" and everyone had a great deal of respect for his family. He was one of the F. F. Vs. His father, a colonel, had an arm shot off at Malvern hill while leading the confederate troops.

"Big Foot" had some hard experiences after he left school. He was graduated a civil engineer from the university and took a railroad contract with a partner to help him. They made money out of the contract, but the partner stole it all and "Big Foot" was left almost without a dollar in a strange land. He was ashamed to go home or write home about his condition. He couldn't find work and he got pretty hungry at times. This is what led him to do what he did. At Lynchburg, Va., he fell in with some sporting men who were looking for a man to whip a prize fighter that had a reputation in the town. "Big Foot" could see no easier way of making money than fighting the prize fighter. He would be fed while he was training, anyway, and if he should win the fight he would make a little money. So he agreed to fight the fighter.

He whipped the fighter, made some money, and went to Fort Leavenworth, where he enlisted in the army as a private. This was in 1893. In 1895, two years later, he had risen to second lieutenant. This is the shortest possible time in which a man may rise in the army from the ranks to such a position.

The lieutenant was stationed at Vancouver Barracks, Tacoma, Wash., a few years ago. It was there he met the daughter of a general, fell in love with her and married her. He went with the general to the Philippines, but returned shortly afterward a first lieutenant. He is soon to leave again for the Philippines.

The lieutenant is known to several Kansas City men, one of whom went to school with him. It is doubtful, though, whether the lieutenant ever told how he fought a prize fight and made enough money out of it to join the army.

Shrewd Strategy of an Eagle.

A strange tale comes from Susquehanna county, says the Pittsburgh Dispatch. According to a veracious correspondent three wildcats at Fiddle Lake attacked a big eagle, which is wintering among the trees in a hemlock grove near the lake. Although attacked from three points, the bird gallantly held its own and slew two of the wildcats. This is the way he did it: Singling out one of the wildcats the eagle grasped it tightly by the neck, burying his talons deep in the flesh; then, rising almost perpendicularly for about 100 feet, allowed his prisoner to drop on a ledge of rocks. Two falls killed the first victim, but three were required to get away with the second. The survivor, seeing the fate of his companions, flew down the mountain side.

Fifty-Two Years Without a Drink.

Some animals can live many years without water. A paroquet lived 52 years in the London zoo without taking a drop of water. A number of reptiles live and prosper in places where there is no water.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU,
President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE
—IN—
EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES,
BRANDIES
GINS AND
WINES,

BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.
Choice line of
Bottled Goods.

IN addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. Give CALL AND SEE ME.

A. A. McDONALD,
PROPRIETOR, EMPORIUM, PA.

F. X. BLUMLE,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Bottler of and Dealer in
BEER,
WINES,
WHISKIES,
And Liquors of All Kinds.
The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.
Especial Attention Paid to Mail Orders.
EMPORIUM, PA.

GO TO
J. A. Kinsler's,
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.,
Where you can get anything you want in the line of
Groceries,
Provisions,
FLOUR, SALT MEATS,
SMOKED MEATS,
CANNED GOODS, ETC.,
Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.
Goods Delivered Free any Place in Town.
CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.
NEAR P. & E. DEPOT

EMPORIUM
Bottling Works,
JOHN McDONALD, Proprietor.
Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.
Bottler and Shipper of
Rochester
Lager Beer,
BEST BRANDS OF EXPORT.
The Manufacturer of Soft Drinks and Dealer in Choice Wines and Pure Liquors.
We keep none but the very best Beer and are prepared to fill Orders on short notice. Private families served daily if desired.
JOHN McDONALD.

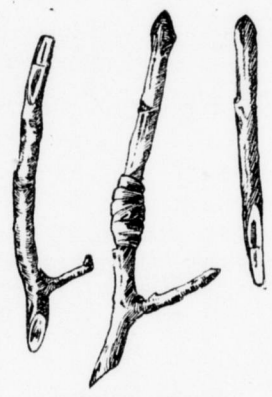
PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO NEW YORK AT THE OFFICES OF
A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

TWO GRAFTING SYSTEMS.

One Is Known as the Cleft, the Other as the Whip Method, and Both Are Excellent.

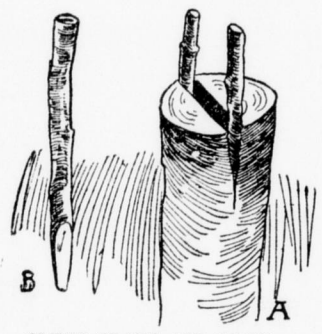
A method often used is called cleft grafting. Select a branch from one to two inches in diameter, saw it off at a smooth place, far enough above any knot or branch so that it will split easily, then split it in the center by driving a strong knife into the end. The scion must be a twig which grew last year. The buds on the scion must be snugly wrapped in their winter coats and must not have begun to grow. Dormant scions can be gotten at any time during the winter, but if grafted then they would dry and wither long before the time for them to grow. Hence we must wait until the tree is ready to grow in spring. The scions must be taken sooner and kept in a



THE WHIP GRAFT.

cool place where they will not wither, to prevent the buds from starting.

With such scions, grafting can be done any time in spring. Take one of the scions and shave off the bottom on two sides, making a wedge. One side should be just a little thicker than the other, and on that side there should be a bud just above where the wedge begins, leaving about three buds in all. Prepare another scion in the same way. Now open the split made in the branch. This may be done with a narrow wooden wedge. Put the two scions in at the outer edges with the thickest side out, slanting them just a little to make sure that the line between the wood and the bark of each scion crosses the line between the wood and the bark of the branch. When the scions are in position, remove the wedge and let the split close up, holding them fast, as in the illustration. Then some wax will be needed, because if the graft were left like this, these exposed places would soon become so dry that no growth could be made. Wax may be bought of seedsmen, or can be made. Boil four parts by weight of resin, two of beeswax and one of tallow, until all are thoroughly melted. Then pour in cold water, grease the hands and pull it like molasses candy. It grows lighter in color by working and should be soft and pliable when ready for use. Cover the ends of the branch and the split down the side, also the tips of the scions, with the



CLEFT GRAFT AND SCION.

wax, so that no air or water can get in. If all goes well, in a short time the buds on the scions will begin to swell and grow. In a year or two the branch will be large enough to bear apples.

For whip grafting, the only tool needed is a jackknife. The method is practiced for branches about the size of a lead pencil. Make a long slanting cut across the branch, as shown in the illustration. Then make another cut a little more than half way toward the end of this slanting cut, as illustrated, then cut the scion in exactly the same way, holding the tip toward you in making the cut. Place surface of scion and stick together, pressing the tongue of each into the cut of the other. The barks of the two must come together on at least one side. The grafts must be waxed in waxed cloth made by dipping pieces of the cloth into the grafting wax.—Orange Judd Farmer.

How to Destroy Cutworms.

Those who are much troubled by any of the several species of cutworm should remember that they can easily be destroyed by the use of a mixture of bran and Paris green, moistened with sweetened water, just enough to make into little balls that are to be placed by the side of each hill, or scattered at intervals of three or four feet apart along the drills. The worms will eat this in preference to the plant, and they will never eat plants again after once trying this. Each ball should be about a teaspoonful. One pound of Paris green to 50 pounds of bran is sufficient. It should not be put where the poultry can get it, but poultry have no business in the cultivated fields.

WHEN YOU KNOW HOW.

Then the Milking of Fractious Heifers Is Not as Hard as It Seems at First Glance.

I have kept this past winter 12 heifers, coming two years old, several of which have already come in. I have had the question asked several times by farmers if I did not have a good deal of trouble in breaking them to being milked, and when I have said "No," surprise has been expressed, and the remark made that they nearly always have a great deal of trouble—one saying that he usually had to wrestle long, and have his pail kicked away from him many times, before he "could subdue the animal and take the kinks out of her." As many others may have had a similar experience, it may interest them to learn how such trouble can be avoided.

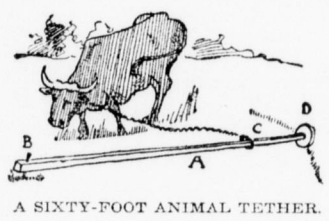
In caring for my heifers, I have had them carded two or three times a week and when doing so, have handled their bags and teats carefully from either side, so that they became familiar with such handling; so when they came in, they were not frightened at an attempt to milk them. But to them the act of milking was a new thing, and they would be sometimes restless, and some would spitefully kick. In such cases, if a gentle patting and word would not prove effective, I took a chain and put it over the back and around the body, just in front of the bag, hitching it somewhat tight. This always proves effective; sometimes one trial is sufficient, or perhaps it needs to be used several times, but it is always sure—without hurt to animal, its disposition or temper.

One farmer, when told how easy it was to break a cow from kicking, said such knowledge would have saved him many a hard tussle and a good milker, as he had to turn to beef an otherwise valuable cow.—Charles O. Newton, in Country Gentleman.

TETHERING ANIMALS.

The Device Here Illustrated and Described Is Perfectly Secure and Requires No Attention.

The plan herewith will not allow of an animal becoming entangled as in using a rope attached to a peg. Take a pole, a, 30 feet in length, and near the large end bore a suitable sized hole, say seven-eighths inch, through the pole. Place an iron ring, c, on pole large enough to slip along from end to end. Drive an iron pin, b, about 18 to 20 inches long through hole in pole and into ground, so as to permit it to



A SIXTY-FOOT ANIMAL TETHER.

revolve in a circle around pin, the small end of the pole being supported by an old wheel, d, from cutting bar of a mower, an old plow wheel, or in the case of these not being easily procured, a wooden one cut from a piece of plank. Use a halter chain to secure animal to ring on pole, having it of a length which will not allow animal to step over pole with its rear feet. This easily constructed device will certainly be found of much benefit to the suburbanite who wishes to tether a horse or cow in a manner to admit of its having all the range of feed possible, and so as to be perfectly secure and require no attention.—J. G. Allshouse, in Farm and Home.

WATERMELON CULTURE.

When Wisely Conducted, This Is a Very Pleasant and Profitable Side Occupation.

Watermelons, like pumpkins, are strong runners, and seed should be planted in well-manured hills eight to nine feet apart each way. Plant five to ten seeds in a hill as soon as the nights are quite warm and the trees out in full leaf. Protect the young plants from insects, and when well started thin out, leaving only the best plant standing in each hill; cultivate frequently and keep free from weeds. When the vines are well started to run, exercise care not to injure or bruise them in any way, as they are quite tender. You should then pull the large weeds by hand or use a hand hoe. When the fruits are ripe the small tendril at the base of the stem turns brown, the skin where the fruit rests on the ground becomes yellow, and the melon has a hollow sound when struck sharply with the finger; also, if the hand is placed on the fruit and some pressure applied, the flesh will be heard to crack slightly. The ripe fruits will keep a considerable time in a cool place.—Burpee's Vegetable Guide.

Trees and Their Needs.

In the effort to change bleakness into beauty the greatest ally is the tree. The tree is the easiest to establish because it can send down its roots long distances into the moist subsoil, and will exist when smaller plants perish with the drought. The trees once established protect smaller plants that are afterward set out and become the sturdy barriers against destructive winds and withering heat. Trees, however, must be themselves protected and fostered till they have obtained a firm hold of the soil and have established the ability of appropriating the soil water.—Farmers' Review.

Milk is much more sensitive in receiving and tenacious in holding impurities than water, and hence care must be taken to keep pure from the start.

Multum in Parvo Prayer.

Georgie's mother insisted upon his repeating the prayer of childhood. He started sleepily, requiring prompting at the beginning of every line. Drowsiness had nearly won the mastery by the time that he had obediently got as far as "my soul to take." "God bless—" prompted his mother. Georgie has a long list of relatives. There was a flutter of his sleep-laden lids as he lumped them all together: "God bless the whole shooting match!" And he was asleep.—Chicago Chronicle.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases of of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Noncommittal.

Mrs. Slowpay—A girl formerly in your employ answered my advertisement for a maid. Is she honest?

Dressmaker—That is more than I can say.

"Why, what do you mean?"

"Well, you see, I have no positive proof of her honesty, but every time I sent her to you with my bill she failed to give me the money."—Chicago Evening News.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Fortune keeps up such a see-saw that the man for whom a town is named is liable to be found in the poorhouse 20 years later.—Atchison Globe.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES are fast to sunlight, washing and rubbing. Sold by all druggists.

The chronic kicker usually kicks himself out of joint.—Ram's Horn.

The smarter a man is in fancy the more he will smart in fact.—Ram's Horn.

THE MARKETS.

New York, May 12

Flour—Minnesota patent $3.60@3.85.
Wheat—No. 2 red 75⅞c.
Corn—No. 2 at 42⅞c.
Oats—No. 2 white 29c.
Beeves—Steers $4.60@5.75. Veals $4.50@7.00.
Sheep—Clipped $4.00@5.50, clipped lambs $5.75@7.37½.
Hogs—Western $5.30@5.55.

Cleveland, May 12.—Flour—Winter wheat, patents, $3.60@3.80.
Wheat—No. 2 red 75½c.
Corn—No. 2 yellow 43½c.
Oats—No. 2 white 29½c.
Butter—Best creamery 21c.
Cheese—York state 12½c.
Eggs—Strictly fresh 12c.
Potatoes—Best grades 45c.
Cattle—Choice steers $4.75@5.10, fair $4.40@4.60, calves $5.25@6.00.
Sheep—Choice $5.00@5.25, fair $4.50@4.75, best lambs $5.75@6.50.
Hogs—Yorkers $5.35, pigs $5.00.

Toledo, May 12.—Wheat—No. 2 cash 72½c.
Corn—No. 2 cash 40c.
Oats—No. 2 cash 24½c.
Clover Seed—Prime new $5.00.
Oil—North Lima $1.15.

East Buffalo, May 12.—Cattle—Extra $5.30@5.50.
Hogs—Prime heavy $5.45, best Yorkers $5.35@5.40.
Sheep—Choice lambs $6.90@7.05, prime wethers $5.40@5.60.

East Liberty, May 12.—Cattle—Extra steers $5.40@5.60.
Hogs—Yorkers $5.35@5.40.
Sheep—Native lambs $6.40@6.65, sheep $5.25@5.35.

DR. HARTMAN'S ADVICE

Is Sought by Female Sufferers From Ocean to Ocean.

Mrs. F. W. Goulder, 1306 4th ave., Rock Island, Ill., writes: "I was afflicted for five or six years with catarrhal difficulties and was growing worse all the time. I began taking your Peruna with a marked improvement from the first. Independent of curing that, the Peruna has greatly improved my general health."

"Every bottle of Peruna is worth its weight in gold; especially to me, for I owe my present good health to Peruna."

All over the country there are women who have been invalids for many years, suffering with female derangements which the family doctor cannot cure.

What a boon to such women is Dr. Hartman's free advice! So famous has his skill made him that hardly a hamlet or town in the country but knows his name. He cures tens of thousands, and he offers to every woman who will write to him her symptoms and a history of her trouble, free advice and treatment.

The medicines he prescribes can be obtained at any drug store, and the cost is within the reach of any woman. He describes minutely and carefully just what she shall do and get to make a healthy, robust woman of herself.

The Doctor has written a book especially for this class of women, entitled "Health and Beauty." This book contains many facts of interest to women, and will be sent free to any address by ***Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.***

Grain-O Made Her Fat.

Westfield, Mass., Nov. 27, 1899.
Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Having used your Grain-O for the past three months I thought I would write and let you know how much good it has done me. When I was away on my vacation last summer the people I visited asked me to try Grain-O, and I drank some, but I didn't like it at all. But the more I drank the better I liked it, and now I wouldn't drink anything else. I never weighed over 106 pounds, and last winter I was down to 103 pounds, and now I weigh 120, and never felt better in my life. It gives me an awful appetite, and makes me strong. It is doing me more good than anything I ever took, and I would recommend it to everybody.

Mrs. Geo. R. Brown.

Something Practical.

Many a young girl makes the mistake of thinking that because she would die for a man she really loves him. In this restless, throbbing age it is necessary for her to ask herself in all seriousness: "Would I take in washing for him?"—Detroit Journal.

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Accommodating.

"I am a British subject," he said, as he signed the register with a flourish. "All right," replied the hotel clerk, "if I notice any Boers lurking about I'll give you the tip to rush to cover."—Philadelphia North American.

Many People Cannot Drink

coffee at night. It spoils their sleep. You can drink Grain-O when you please and sleep like a top. For Grain-O does not stimulate; it nourishes, cheers and feeds. Yet it looks and tastes like the best coffee. For nervous persons, young people and children Grain-O is the perfect drink. Made from pure grains. Get a package from your grocer to-day. Try it in place of coffee. 15 and 25c.

Mrs. Bunt—The new tenants next door are not a bit neighborly." Mr. Bunt—"No; I notice they keep their confounded piano going almost constantly."—Philadelphia North American.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the Cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Large bottles 25 and 50 cents. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Most of the good jokes are old ones if you only knew it.—Washington (Ia.) Democrat.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

He who can stand the little trials is fitted for the great trusts.—Ram's Horn.

ALABASTINE Is a durable and natural cement-base wall coating, in 5 lb. paper packages, made ready for use in white and fourteen beautiful tints by mixing with cold water. It is a cement that goes through a process of setting, hardens with age, and can be coated and recoated without washing off its old coats before renewing.

ALABASTINE Is entirely different from all the various kalsomines on the market, being durable and not stuck on the wall with glue. Alabastine customers should insist on having the goods in packages properly labeled. They should reject all imitations. There is nothing "just as good."

ALABASTINE

Prevents much sickness, particularly throat and lung difficulties, attributable to unsanitary coatings on walls. It has been recommended in a paper published by the Michigan State Board of Health on account of its sanitary features; which paper strongly condemned kalsomines. Alabastine can be used on either plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas, and any one can brush it on. It admits of radical changes from wall paper decorations, thus securing at reasonable expense the latest and best effects. Alabastine is manufactured by the

Alabastine Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan

Instructive and interesting booklet mailed free to all applicants.

Use Certain Cough Cure. Price, 25 cents.

HE MISSED THE MOTIVE.

The Speaker Thought It Was His Own Genius That Held the Child.

This is a story which Representative Eddy, of Minnesota, tells on himself. Mr. Eddy not only enjoys the situation when the laugh is turned against him, but has a sense of humor which leads him to start the laugh sometimes himself:

"In making the campaign in my district one year," said Mr. Eddy, "I took along as an attraction a veteran of the war of 1812 and of the civil war who was a famous hand at beating the drum. He was a drummer from away back and could arouse a whole township. Drum music is an incendiary kind of thing, anyhow, and the old captain's drumming was particularly stirring.

"Well, one night, after the captain's drum had given the usual overture, I commenced my speech to the populace which had been lured to the scene by his drum. I noticed at the foot of the rostrum, the same being a big dry goods box, a bright-eyed little fellow about 12 years old, who sat through the speech, following me with great attention. It pleased me very much. Any fool can interest an audience of adults, but it takes a genius to hold a child.

"So, after the speaking, I went down and spoke to the little fellow, and after shaking hands with him asked him how he liked my speech.

"'Oh, it will do,' he said; 'but if I was you I would keep the captain drummin' all the time.'"—Washington Star.

A Clear Case.

"What's the charge?" asked the court.

"The prisoner, your honor," replied the officer, "asked this man here what his father was doing, and when told that the latter was a spy in the mint, without provocation called the father a mince pie."

"Poor fellow!" said the court. "An examination into his sanity seems almost unnecessary."—Philadelphia North American.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third Ave., N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Mrs. C. T. Harding, Cynwyd, Pa. (near Philadelphia), wrote April 1st, 1900: "I have been using

Palmer's Lotion

for 20 years for my

HAIR AND EYES

and other ailments. It is the best friend I have."

Lotion Soap

Prevents and assists in curing all skin troubles. At Druggists only.

I CENT Pr. Sq. Ft.

Including caps and nails, for the best Red Rope Roofing. Substitutes for Plaster. Samples free. THE FAY MANILLA ROOFING COMPANY, CAMDEN, N. J.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

1900

There is every good reason why

St. Jacobs Oil

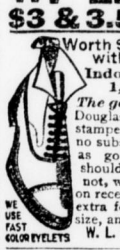
should cure

RHEUMATISM
NEURALGIA
LUMBAGO
SCIATICA

for the rest of the century. One paramount reason is—it does cure,

SURELY AND PROMPTLY

W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.



Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.
Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.
The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.
WE USE FAST COLOR EYELETS

In 3 or 4 Years an Independence Is Assured

160 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

If you take up your homes in Western Canada, the land of plenty. Illustrated pamphlets, giving experience of farmers who have become wealthy in growing wheat, reports of delegates, etc., and full information as to reduced railway rates can be had on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Department of Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or address the Undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free of cost. F. PEDLEY, Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada; or to M. V. McINNES, No. 2 Merrill Blk., Detroit, Mich.; D. L. CAVEN, Columbus, Ohio.

RHEUMATISM Van Buren's Rheumatic Compound is the only positive cure. Past experience speaks for itself. Depot 55 S. California Ave., Chicago.

A. N. K.—C 1812

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

WALTHAM WATCHES

The best and most reliable time keepers made in this country or in any other.

"The perfected American watch", and illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent upon request. American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

BABY'S BAWLS

MAM-M-MA!!
DON'T YOU HEAR BABY CRY?

Do you forget that summer's coming with all its dangers to the little ones—all troubles bred in the bowels.

The summer's heat kills babies and little children because their little insides are not in good, clean, strong condition.

Winter has filled the system with bile. Belching, vomiting up of sour food, rash, flushed skin, colic, restlessness, diarrhoea or constipation, all testify that the bowels are out of order.

If you want the little ones to face the coming dangers without anxious fear for their lives, see that the baby's bowels are gently, soothingly, but positively *cleaned out in the spring time, and made strong and healthy before hot weather sets in.*

The only safe laxative for children, pleasant to take (they ask for more) is *CASCARETS.* Nursing mothers make their milk mildly purgative for the baby by eating a *CASCARET* now and then. Mama eats a *CASCARET,* baby gets the benefit. Try it! Send for a 10c box of *CASCARETS* to-day and you will find that, as we guarantee, all irregularities of the little and big childrens insides are

CURED BY

Cascarets

CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c.

ALL DRUGGISTS

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy *CASCARETS* we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper. 425

Travelers Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE RAILROAD DIVISION.
In effect Nov. 19, 1899.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM EASTWARD

8 15 A. M.—Train 8 week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 6.23 P. M., New York 9.30 P. M., Baltimore 6.00 P. M., Washington 7.15 P. M. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore and Washington.

3 15 P. M.—Train 6 week days for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 A. M., New York 7.13 A.M. Baltimore, 2:30 Washington, 405. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:30 A. M.

9 37 P. M.—Train 4 Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 A. M., New York 9.33 A. M., weekdays, (10.33 A. M. Sunday;) Baltimore 6.35 A. M., Washington 7.45 A. M. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Washington. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Williamsport. Passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia and Williamsport to Baltimore.

WESTWARD.

5:10 A. M.—Emporium Junction—Train 9 weed days for Erie, Ridgway, DuBois, Clermont ank intermediate stations.

10 25 A. M.—Train 3 Daily for Erie and week days for DuBois and intermediate stations.

6 23 P. M. — Train 15, week days for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR EMPORIUM FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 9 leaves New York 5:55 p. m., Philadelphia 8:50 p. m., Washington 7:20 p. m., Baltimore 8:40 p. m., arriving at Emporium Junction 5:10 a. m., week days, with Pullman Sleepers and passenger coaches, from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport.

Train 3 leaves New York 7.55 p. m., Philadelphia 11.20 p. m., Washington 10.40 p. m, Baltimore 11.55 p. m., daily, arriving at Emporium 10.25 a. m., with Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie and Baltimore to Williamsport—on Sundays only Pullman Sleepers from Philadelphia to Erie.

Train 15 leaves Philadelphia 8.40 a. m., Washington 7.55 a.m., Baltimore 8.55 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:55 A. M., week days, arriving at Emporium 6.23 P. M., with Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Kane.

RIDGWAY & CLEARFIELD RAILROAD and Connections.
(Week days.)

Southward.			Stations.	Northward		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
.....	8 55	4 00	....Renovo....	.....	5 00	11 05
.....	9 47	4 41	...Driftwood...	.....	3 58	10 12
.....	10 25	5 10	Emporium Junc	.....	3 20	9 40
.....	11 08	5 52	...St. Marys...	.....	2 40	9 05
3 50	11 15	6 00	.....Kane.....	12 20	3 10	8 25
4 10	11 34	6 22	....Wilcox....	11 58	2 47	8 01
4 23	11 49	6 36	..Johnsonburg..	9 55	2 34	7 45
.....	.....	.....		.....	.....	.....
4 45	12 10	7 00	...Ridgway,....	9 35	2 15	7 20
4 52	12 17	7 07	..Island Run...	9 28	2 08	7 13
4 57	12 22	7 12	Carman Tr'nfer	9 23	2 03	7 08
5 05	12 30	7 21	.. Croyland....	9 15	1 54	6 59
5 09	12 33	7 25	..Shorts Mills..	9 11	1 51	6 56
5 12	12 36	7 28	...Blue Rock...	9 07	1 47	6 52
5 16	12 40	7 33	....Carrier....	9 02	1 43	6 48
5 26	12 50	7 43	.Brockwayville.	8 53	1 33	6 38
5 30	12 54	7 47	...Lanes Mills..	8 47	1 28	6 33
		7 53	McMinns Sm't.	8 43		
5 38	1 03	7 54	..Harveys Run..	8 39	1 19	6 24
5 45	1 10	8 00	..Falls Creek..	8 35	1 15	6 20
.....	.....	8 10	....DuBois.....	8 15	1 00	6 05
5 55	1 40	8 33	..Falls Creek...	7 05	12 48	6 15
7 43	1 50	8 45	.Reynoldsville..	6 53	12 38	6 02
7 55	2 16	9 12	..Brookville...	6 15	12 12	5 26
8 25	2 52	9 50	New Bethlehem		11 38	4 40
.....	3 25	10 25	...Red Bank....	.....	11 05	4 00
.....	5 30	12 40	....Pittsburg...	.....	9 00	1 40
.....	P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

Through Palace Car to Pittsburg on train leaving Falls Creek at 8:33 A. M.; returning on train leaving Pittsburg at 1:40 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY.
TIME TABLE.

On and after Jan. 1, 1900, passenger trains will depart from Johnsonburg as follows:

NORTH BOUND.

8:48 A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. Station for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

2:02 P. M.—Daily, including Sunday, from B. R. & P. Station, Grant Street, Fast Express, solid vestibuled train for Bradford, Buffalo and Rochester, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

4:23 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Mt. Jewett, Bradford and intermediate stations.

SOUTH BOUND.

9:12. A. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney and intermediate points.

1:40 P. M.—Daily including Sunday, from B. R. & P. station, Grant Street, Fa t Express, solid vestibuled train for Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney, Butler and Pittsburg, equipped with cafe and reclining chair cars.

6:12 P. M.—Week days, from P. & E. station, for Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois, Punxsutawney, and intermediate stations.

Thousand mile tickets, good for passage between all stations on B. R. & P. Ry., and N. Y. C. & H. R. R., (Penna. Division) at twenty ($20) dollars.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of ten cents will be collected by conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a ticket office is maintained.

EDWARD C. LAPEY, Gen. Pass. Agt.
Rochester, N. Y.

TIME TABLE No. 23.
COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY R. R.
Taking effect June 15th, 1898.

EASTWARD.

STATIONS.		10	4	6	2
		P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Port Allegany,	Lv.	3 15	7 18	.....	12 10
Coleman,		*3 23	○○	.....	*12 15
Burtville,		*3 30	7 29	.....	12 22
Roulette,		3 40	7 36	.....	12 30
Knowlton's,		*3 45	○○	.....	*12 33
Mina,		*3 59	7 46	.....	12 40
Olmsted,		4 05	*7 50	.....	*12 44
Hammonds,		○○	○○	.....	*12 49
Coudersport.	Ar.	4 20	7 57	.....	12 53
	Lv.			6 15	1 00
North Coudersport,		.....	.....	○○	*1 05
Frink's,		.....	.....	*6 29	*1 14
Colesburg,		.....	.....	*6 36	1 21
Seven Bridges,		.....	.....	*6 39	*1 24
Raymonds's,		.....	.....	*6 49	1 35
Gold,		.....	.....	6 54	1 41
Newfield,		.....	.....	.....	1 45
Newfield Junction,		.....	.....	7 02	1 50
Perkins,		.....	.....	○○	*1 53
Carpenter's,		.....	.....	○○	*1 56
Crowell's,		.....	.....	*7 10	*1 59
Ulysses,	Ar.	.....	.....	7 18	2 10

WESTWARD.

STATIONS.	1	5	3	
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
Ulysses, Lv.	7 32	2 30	10 05	.....
Crowell's,	*7 41	*2 39	*10 15	.....
Carpenter's,	○○	*2 41	*10 18	.....
Perkins,		*2 44	*10 21	.....
Newfield Junction,	7 47	2 46	10 25	.....
Newfield,	*7 51	2 50	*10 30	.....
Gold,	7 55	2 54	10 35	.....
Raymond's,	*7 59	2 59	*10 40	.....
Seven Bridges,	*8 11	*3 11	*10 55	.....
Colesburg,	*8 14	3 14	*11 00	.....
Frink's,	*8 22	*3 22	*11 09	.....
North Coudersport,	○○	*3 31	*11 20	.....
Coudersport, Ar.	8 35	3 36	11 30	.....
Lv.	8 41	6 00	P. M. 1 20	.....
Hammonds,	○○	○○	○○	.....
Olmsted,	*8 46	*6 06	*1 27	.....
Mina,	8 50	6 10	1 31	.....
Knowlton's,	○○	*6 18	○○	.....
Roulette,	9 06	6 21	1 45	.....
Burtville,	9 08	6 29	2 55	.....
Coleman,	○○	*6 35	○○	.....
Port Allegany,	9 21	6 40	2 35	.....

(*) Flag stations. (○○) Trains do not stop.

Connections—At Ulysses with N. Y. C. & H. R. R. for points north and south. At Newfield Junction with Buffalo & Susquehanna R. R. north of Wellsville, south of Galeton and Ansonia. At Port Allegany with W. N. Y. & P. R. R. north for Buffalo, Olean, Bradford and Smethport; south for Keating Summit, Austin, Emporium and Penn'a R. R., points.

B. A. McCLURE, Gen'l Supt.
Coudersport, Pa.

ALL SORTS.

Cleanse the liver, purity the blood, invigorate the body by using DeWitt's Little Early risers. These famous little pills always act promptly. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

How would it do to make the ticket ——and—— so as so allow everybody to fill it in to suit?

H. Clark, Chauncey, Ga., says DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured him of piles that had afflicted him for twenty years. It is also a speedy cure for skin diseases. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The middle-of-the-roaderats had better step to the side when the McKinley train comes along.

"I think DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the best pills in the world," says W. E. Lake, Happy Creek, Va. They remove all obstructions of the liver and bowels, act quickly and never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

If the Sioux tribe of Pops have their way, Kansas City may need only say "me too."

Otto Korb, Grand Chancellor, K. P., Boonville, Ind., says, "DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve sooths the most delicate skin and heals the most stubborn ulcer with certain and good results." Cures piles and skin diseases. Don't buy an immitation. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Bobs is making some great hits, but the Boers are making the runs.

J. I. Carson, Prothonotary, Washington, Pa., says, "I have found Kodol Dyspepsia Cure an excellent remedy in case of stomach trouble, and have derived great benefit from its use." It digests what you eat and can not fail to cure. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The Democratic sideshows are leaving nothing for the main circus.

"No family can afford to be without One Minute Cough Cure. It will stop a cough and cure a cold quicker than any other medicine," writes C. W. Williams, Sterling Run, Pa. It cures croup, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles and prevents consumption. Pleasant and harmless. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Those new shells must be something like greesed lightning.

W. H. Shipman, Beardsley, Minn., under oath, says he suffered from dyspepsia for twenty-five years. Doctors and dieting gave but little relief. Finally he used Kodol Dyspepsia Cure and now eats what he likes and as much as he wants, and he feels like a new man. It digests what you eat. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

If you want to Lend Money,
Advertise in the PRESS.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—JOHN E. CLIFFORD, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by L. Taggart.
mar

Many vein hopes are entertained by buyers of coal lands.

...ath of Pine Balsam in every cake.

Harfina SOAP Cleans the Scalp

Nothing like it for keeping the Scalp healthy and free from dandruff, the hair fine and silken and the skin clear and rosy.

Most baldness is caused by dandruff. To keep the hair, scalp and beard in healthy condition, make a strong lather with Harfina Soap and shampoo freely. If it is desired to restore gray or faded hair to youthful color, apply Hay's Hair-Health after shampooing with Harfina, and the grayness will disappear and the hair will grow forth its original youthful color and beauty.

25c. Cakes at leading drug shops; or 3 cakes, 65c. Mailed on receipt of price by LONDON SUPPLY CO., 72 Broadway, New York. Refuse all substitutes.

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

A. A. CURES FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
B. B. CURES SPRAINS, Lameness, Injuries, Rheumatism.
C. C. CURES SORE THROAT, Quinsy, Epizootic, Distemper.
D. D. CURES WORMS, Bots, Grubs.
E. E. CURES COUGHS, Colds, Influenza, Inflamed Lungs, Pleuro-Pneumonia.
F. F. CURES COLIC, Bellyache, Wind-Blown, Diarrhea, Dysentery.
G. G. Prevents MISCARRIAGE.
H. H. CURES KIDNEY & BLADDER DISORDERS.
I. I. CURES SKIN DISEASES, Mange, Eruptions, Ulcers, Grease, Farcy.
J. K. CURES BAD CONDITION, Staring Coat, Indigestion, Stomach Staggers.

60c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York. VETERINARY MANUAL SENT FREE.

NERVOUS DEBILITY,
VITAL WEAKNESS
and Prostration from Overwork or other causes.

Humphreys' Homeopathic Specific No. 28, in use over 40 years, the only successful remedy.

$1 per vial, or special package with powder, for $5
Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price.
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., Cor. William & John Sts., New York

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

At the last meeting of the Junior Epworth League the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Mrs. S. L. Stoddard, Superintendent; Alvira Farr, President; First Vice-President, Grace Lloyd; Second V. P., Myrtle Gregory; Third V. P., Nora Stauffer; Fourth V. P., Mabel Halderman; Sec'y, Emma Ellis; Treasurer, Edith Heilman; Organist, Maude Thomas; Ass't Organist, Bertha Gregory; Wardens, Stanley Smith and Alicia Swain.

Hon. A. C. Hopkins, of this city, has been given honorable mention for the efforts he has put forth to secure tracts in this county for forestry reservation. This honorable mention comes from the State Forestry commission, which, at the suggestion of Governor Stone, has adopted a resolution that the tracts purchased south and southwest of Renovo shall be named the "Hopkins Forestry Reservation." As already published 50,000 acres are included in the reservation.—Clinton Democrat.

WOMAN
IS LIKE A DELICATE MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

In good condition she is sweet and lovable, and sings life's song on a joyful harmonious string. Out of order or unstrung, there is discordance and unhappiness. Just as there is one key note to all music so there is one key note to health. A woman might as well try to fly without wings as to feel well and look well while the organs that make her a woman are weak or diseased. She must be healthy inside or she can't be healthy outside. There are thousands of women suffering silently all over the country. Mistaken modesty urges their silence. While there is nothing more admirable than a modest woman, health is of the first importance. Every other consideration should give way before it. Bradfield's Female Regulator is a medicine for women's ills. It is the safest and quickest way to cure leucorrhea, falling of the womb, nervousness, headache, backache and general weakness. You will be astonished at the result, especially if you have been experimenting with other so-called remedies. We are not asking you to try an uncertainty. Bradfield's Regulator has made happy thousands of women. What it has done for others it can do for you. Sold in drug stores for $1 a bottle.

A free illustrated book will be sent to all who write to
THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
Atlanta, Ga.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Young Girl's Experience.

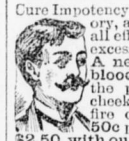
My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa.

Celery King for the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys is sold in 25c. and 50c. packages by druggists and dealers.

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

NERVITA PILLS
Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable gaurantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

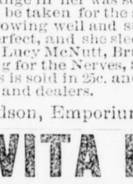
Nervita Tablets (YELLOW LABEL) EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold by R. C. Dodson, Druggist, 34-48ly. Emporium, Pa.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS



Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHI-CHES-TER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2200 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

49-28t e o w

PATENTS DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED
ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE
Notice in "Inventive Age"
Book "How to obtain Patents"
Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address,
E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.
v33no42-1y

WHEN HE HAD TO LEAVE THE ROAD.

I'm no longer in the service,
Said the ex-active railroad man,
They have put me out of practice
Upon the pension plan.
They took me on at twenty-five,
When I was young and stout,
And now that I am sixty-five,
They ask me to get out.

Of course, I'll have enough to eat,
Perhaps I'll have a pass,
And as they can't discharge me now,
They'll have to take my "sass."
I'm going to try to live at least
Three score and ten more years,
The pension until I'm deceased,
Is due me it appears.

We're only good for forty years
Of service on the road,
But if I don't live forty more
On pensions I'll be snowed.
The man who works the limit through
For forty years and still,
Without a wooden peg or two,
Can walk, is hard to kill.

I'll call upon the agent too,
At frequent intermissions,
Just when he's feeling awful blue
About his lost commissions.
I'll tell him not to mourn and weep,
Or try to pull his hair,
For all his tears he ought to keep,
And his head's already bare.

He'll get commissioned soon to join
The pensioner's brigade,
And have to take his meager coin
Like me, I am afraid.
For they'll be selling tickets,
With a common slot machine,
And he'll listen to the crickets,
With the things that once have been.
—Pittsburg Post.

Young Men in Politics.

A young man entering upon political work can make his individual effort of much avail. As a rule he must be willing to enter the ranks as a private. Here as elsewhere, it is difficult to enlist as an officer of the line. This fact deters many from entering into politics. But working in the ranks there are many things which he can do, and should be willing to do, if he feels that the success of his party will be for the public good. It is the detail work which is of value. To talk for party, or brag for party, or bet for party, does not take the place of work for the party, says N. C. Sears in the Saturday Evening Post.

There are many ways in which this detail work can be done. The young man can see that his friends and neighbors do not forget to register. Together with a few others he can divide up the territory of his precinct and thus perform this task systematically and thoroughly. During the campaign he can see that meetings are arranged wherever most needed in his ward. The general committee are likely to overlook the needs of particular localities unless their attention is called to them.

He can, with his friends, arrange the details of such meetings, obtain good speakers for them, through the general committee, and see that meetings are held throughout his district. He can aid in preventing fraudulent practices at his polling place. If he be of capacity as a public speaker, he can readily obtain opportunity to speak at such meetings in his own locality and elsewhere. But the detail work is more important than oratory.

Just as soon as he has demonstrated by detail work that he is in earnest and willing to do other and less attractive things than mere public speaking, his work and influence will be recognized by his party. As his labor becomes more apparent in results his influence within his party will grow and he will be able, with the co-operation of others of his kind, to keep out of the territory of his party within his district anything which savors of dishonesty or demagogism. In other words he can largely help to make the politics of his district so clean and reputable that no man could feel that he was likely to be contaminated or degraded by participating in the rights and duties of his citizenship.

He Thrashed His Rival.

The Cross Fork News describes the parting of a couple in that neighborhood as follows:

A rather pleasing and interesting episode transpired on Tuesday morning at Abbott and was enjoyed by all the passengers and crew of the early train. A man and his wife boarded the train at McCoys, the wife paid her fare to the Junction and when the conductor came up to the husband he asked what the fare to the next station—Abbott—was. He handed over the stated amount and remarked that he was going up there to lick a fellow who was going to run away with his wife and stepped into the baggage car to divest himself of his outside shirt and fix himself for the job of licking his rival. In the meantime the news was thoroughly circulated to passengers and train crew so that ere they reached Abbott all were ready to see the meeting of the two antagonists. When the train stopped, sure enough, on the platform with grip in hand stood the rival. No sooner had the train stopped than off to the platform flew the husband and dashed at the man with the grip, striking out right and left and then clinching him floored his rival and commenced punching him until he yelled for help through more fear than hurt. The crowd then interfered and the rival arose and climbed on the train and joined the wife who paid his fare to the Junction but ere they departed the husband apprised the wife of the fact that he had licked her bobo and now she could take him and go. This is what we call downright coolness in all parties and beats all records we have ever heard of.

HEALTH AND VITALITY
DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AFTER USING.

Forsale by L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa.

STRONG AGAIN! WHEN IN DOUST, TRY Serrine Pills

They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicocele, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked *permanently*. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price $1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, $5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by R.C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S,
HEADQUARTERS FOR
Popular Bakery,
FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS
CONFECTIONERY
Daily Delivery.
All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.

DRESS GOODS.

Pretty, good and cheap. We can only extend to you an invitation to come and see our goods. Printers' ink cannot tell the story. We will say this, however, if you want good value for good money you should see our assortment.

CORSETS.

Several good kinds here. We pay particular attention to our corset stock. We select those brands which in our opinion are the best. One thing is certain, no mean, miserable corsets are here and our prices are down to the lowest notch.

GLOVES.

A new $1.00 glove Here's good news for you. We've secured the very best kid glove we have been able to find, to retail at $1.00. It's here awaiting your verdict. Won't you come and pass on it.

HOSIERY.

Some especially good-values. When a manufacturer over-produces then he's pretty sure of loosing some money. And incidently sombody is bound to profit by it. You are invited to share in some lots of exceptionally good hosiery at exceedingly low prices

C. B. HOWARD & COMPANY.